The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,544 New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1885.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1885.
L. HYDASPES	2984	550	G. Scrivener	4th Dec.
M. PARRAMATTA	4739	930	W. D. Anderson	11th ,,
L. ANCONA	3123	650	R. G. Murray	18th ,,
—NIZAM	3726	500	W. J. Webber	25th ,,
L. RAVENNA	3373	700	F. H. Seymour	1st Jan.
M. BOKHARA	2944	500	H. Weighell	8th ,,
L. MALWA	2939	500	G. W. Atkinson	15th ,,
—ASSAM	3038	500	S. F. Cole	22nd ,,
L. MIRZAPORE	3887	600	R. Harvey	29th ,,

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1885.
GANGES	4195	800	E. Stewart	11th Dec.
NEPAUL	3336	603	T. J. Aiderton	27th Dec.
THAMES	4151	850	W. A. Seaton	8th Jan.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, November 12, 1885.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent:—
First Class, Rs. 680. Second Class, Rs. 370.

Coupons for the Railway journey must be taken before leaving India.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, March 27, 1885.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 22, 10, and 5 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months, respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO (late China)	5,000	850	1st Dec. 1885
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	850	1st Jan. 1886
MARSALA	5,000	850	1st Feb. 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Nov. 3, 1885.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL, AND MEDITERRANEAN.

KARACHI TO LIVERPOOL.

s. s. BELGRAVIA...5080 550 J. C. Boothby .....5th Dec.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL *VIA* KARACHI.

s. s. ARABIA ..... 3550 480 J. Laird .....5th Dec.
s. s. ARMENIA ..... 3550 480 G. Read .....19th ,,

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL OR MARSEILLES DIRECT.

1885.
s. s. CALIFORNIA. 3569 450 W. S. Young .....9th Jan.

To be followed by other first-class steamers at regular intervals.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, Nov. 11, 1885. Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge for Commission.

s. s. "ALGOMA."

THE s. s. "ALGOMA," 2,914 tons, Register, 300 horse-power, will sail (via Suez Canal) on or about the 4th December 1885. Has excellent accommodation for Passengers, at Moderate Rates.

For terms apply on board at Berth M. Prince's Dock.

JAMES RANTON,
Commander.
Bombay, Nov. 24, 1885.

CITY LINE.

THE first-class steamer CITY of CANTERBURY, 3,212 tons, will sail for Liverpool on or about the 5th December. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth cabins, baths, punkahs, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is well known as a favourite passenger ship from Calcutta, and has very superior accommodation.

For further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.,
Bombay, 25th November, 1885. Agents.

HAVE A LOOK

AT OUR SILVER LEVER WATCH at Rs. 35 before buying, and you will give it the preference before any other.

The Watch as it is now, is the result of 20 years experience in the Indian watch trade, and we guarantee it to be the most perfect watch ever offered to the public for such a small outlay.

Being the manufacturers ourselves, the buyer obtains the watch from first hand. This explains its cheapness.

The Watches are of medium size in heavy engine turned silver cases, either hunting or half hunting. Guarantee 3 years.

To be obtained only direct from our firms at Bombay, Calcutta, and Secunderabad.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY,
(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL, Fcs. 6,500,000.

OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION.

HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS.

ELECTRIC MACHINES for 10 Incandescent Lamps..Rs. 350
Do. for 6 arc lights 2,000 Candles, each ,, 1,200
Do. 10 do. 500 do. ,, 1,200

SWAN'S AND OTHER INCANDESCENT LAMPS.
OUR PATENT WICK CARBONS give the steadiest light.
JABLOCHKOFF CANDLES improved-make.
INSULATED CABLE, GLOBES and other accessories.

NOTE:—OUR MACHINES work with LOW TENSION currents and do not present the dangers of other systems.

F. FISCHER,
Agent and General Manager for India.
41, M[illegible]-street.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "EUPHRATES," 803 tons, on FRIDAY, 4th December, at 11 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, on MONDAY, 30th November, at 11 a.m. (unless delayed by non-arrival of outward English Mail), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "ABYSSINIA," 1,129 tons, on THURSDAY, 3rd December, at 5 p.m.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PATNA," 1,780 tons, on FRIDAY, 4th December, at 4 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 28th November, 1885. Agents.

THROUGH BOOKINGS TO EUROPE, &c.

INTENDING PASSENGERS will be saved much TIME and TROUBLE by applying direct to THOS. COOK & SON, who SECURE PASSAGES, and ISSUE THROUGH TICKETS, including Steamer and Railway, from any part of India to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, &c., allowing breaks of journey anywhere *en route*. Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels.

NO COMMISSION charged, and every information re quarantine, steamers, fares, &c., given gratis.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S TICKETS met on arrival at Bombay and receive the free assistance of their interpreters at Brindisi, Venice, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, &c., and may break the journey anywhere *en route*.

See *Cook's Travellers' Gazette*, free on application.

ADDRESS—THOMAS COOK & SON,
BOMBAY, RAMPART ROW, FORT,
CALCUTTA, 10½, Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S
IRISH WHISKY.

THOSE who prefer an IRISH WHISKY will find our brand extremely good, our present holdings are finer and more mellow than usual, no Irish Whisky imported into India can be compared with it.

Cash Price, Rs. 22-8 per dozen.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BEERS AND STOUT
OF GUARANTEED QUALITY
STOCKED BY
TREACHER & COMPANY, Limited.

	Cash Prices. Rs. as.	Rs. as.
PILSENER BEER, bottled at the Brewery for this Company only, and specially suited for India	5 8	3 12
VIENNA BEER, by Dreher	6 4	4 2
BASS' BEER, by Foster and Son	5 12	3 12
Do. "L. G. A," do	5 12	3 11
BASS' BEER, by Stone and Son	5 12	3 11
DUBLIN STOUT.		
GUINNESS' by Foster and Sons / Do. by Burke and Co.	5 12	3 11
DEVONSHIRE CIDER, by Foster and Son	7 8	5 0

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND BYCULLA.

FOREIGN LIQUEURS AND BITTERS.

THESE Liqueurs, etc., are imported from the countries where they are produced in the greatest perfection. The difference in quality of these is immense, but owing to the high price of the genuine, great frauds are practised on the public. We guarantee all our Liqueurs to be of the best brands, and obtained from the source direct.

	Per Bottle Qts. Rs. a.	Cash Pts. Rs. a.
Benedictine	5 8	3 0
Chartreuse, from the Monastery, Green	7 0	3 12
Do. do. Yellow	5 8	3 0
Cherry Brandy, best Morella (Treacher's)	2 12	1 8
Creme de Cacao	3 4	
Creme de Noyeau (Best)	3 0	1 12
Curacao, Amsterdam, Orange or White	4 0	2 4
Kummel	3 0	
Maraschino do Zara (the finest)	3 12	2 0

BITTERS, &c.

	Per doz. Qts. Rs. a.	Cash. Pts. Rs. a.
Angostura Bitters	22	8
Orange Bitters	23 0	12 0
Brandy Bitters, Treacher and Co.'s / Pomalo & Orange Bitters, Treacher & Co.'s	½ pints 12	0
Wine Bitters, Treacher & Co.'s	23 0	
Ginger Brandy	30 0	
Orange Brandy	15 0	
Ginger Wine	24 0	
Milk Punch, Treacher & Co.'s	15 0	
Vermouth, French	16 0	
Vermouth, Italian		

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PRINCE OF WALES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Limited.

THE above Company is now prepared to undertake MOFUSSIL RISKS of every description on usual terms. For particulars apply to

DAVID SASSOON & Co.,
Agents.

NOTICE.

SHIPWRECKED SEAMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a MEETING of the COMMITTEE of the above Fund will be held at the Chamber of Commerce, on TUESDAY next, the 1st December, to decide upon a scheme for the distribution of the said Fund.

The attendance of all members of the Committee is particularly requested.

T. MACLURCAN,
Honorary Secretary.
Bombay, Nov. 27, 1885.

SURGICAL TRUSSES.

Circular Single.
Right and left, of sizes ...Each Rs. 1-8 and 1 12
Double.
Right and left, of sizes ... ,, ,, 3-0 and 3 8
Circular Single.
Right and left, with bevelled sliding head ... ... Each 2 12
Double ... ... ,, 5 0

PHILLIPS AND COMPANY, Ld.,
CHEMISTS TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

Circular Single.
Very light and narrow Spring, for females, or slight hernia 4 0
Half Circular, Reversible.
Salmon and Ody's pattern 2 12
Mocmain, Original pattern.
Single 5 8
Double 8 8

SURGICAL TRUSSES.

CLARETS.

TREACHER and Co., Limited, would respectfully ask Mess Presidents, Clubs and others who are accustomed to obtain their Wines from Europe direct, to compare the actual gross cost with the Company's price list; Treacher and Co.'s special advantages in buying largely and dealing direct with the producer, lead them to believe that they can supply Wines, etc., at considerably less cost than they can be imported by private consumers, even under the most favourable conditions.

CASH. Per dozen. Quarts. Rs. as.	Pints. Rs. as.		CASH. Per dozen. Quarts. Rs. as.	Pints. Rs. as.
10 0	6 0	... ST. JULIEN MEDOC ... Light with good flavour.	10 0	6 0
10 0	6 0	... BORDEAUX ... A favourite Wine from the District of Bordeaux.	10 0	6 0
13 0	7 8	... PETIT MEDOC ... Possesses good body with pleasing flavour.	13 0	7 8
16 0	9 8	... SUPERIOR MEDOC ... Full-bodied, of high character and flavour.	16 0	9 8
21 0	11 8	...CHATEAU LAGRANGE Soft, delicate, full and fine flavour.	21 0	11 8
26 0	14 8	... CHATEAU LAROSE Extremely delicate, endowed with exquisite flavour and bouquet.	26 0	14 8
32 0	17 0	... CHATEAU MARGAUX Exceedingly choice, possessing great fragrance with delicate bouquet.	32 0	17 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

KEMP & COMPANY, LIMITED,

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING AND RETAIL CHEMISTS,

IMPORTERS OF GOODS CONNECTED WITH
MEDICINE, CHEMISTRY, PHYSICS, DIETETICS AND HYGIENE,
INCLUDING
MEDICAL AND SICK-ROOM REQUISITES OF ALL KINDS.
PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS AND MICROSCOPES.
PERFUMERY AND TOILET GOODS,
AERATED WATERS, WINES, SPIRITS, FOODS, NON-ALCOHOLIC WINE.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—An extensive stock, constantly renewed.

SPECIAL MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS.—From imported and indigenous drugs.

PATENT MEDICINES.—European, American, Indian, and Australian.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.—The best and most recent English and French Patterns.

APPLIANCES FOR MEDICO-GALVANIC TREATMENT.—The constant, mixed and induced currents.

INSTRUMENTS AND REQUISITES FOR LISTER'S ANTISEPTIC SURGERY.—Spray producers or pulverizers of all sizes, dressings, &c.

DISPENSARIES furnished with every requisite, including gold-labelled bottles, jars, &c., dispensing materials.

PRIVATE PALACE DISPENSARIES furnished on any scale.

MUSEUMS fitted with bottles, vases and jars for chemical, materia-medica, and industrial specimens.

NECESSARIES AND SUNDRIES for the furnishing of Hospitals and Medical Institutions, including forms of all kinds.

LABORATORIES provided with every requisite for pharmaceutical operations, according to requirements.

MEDICINE CHESTS.—The largest selection in India. A copy of "Kemp's Companion" furnished with each Chest.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

KEMP AND CO., LD.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED) import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, for whom they are appointed Agents, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at as lightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.	Spare Instruments.	Stencil Plates.
Dumpy Levels.	Architects' Scales.	Field Books.
Levelling Staves.	Marquois Scales.	Level Books.
Prismatic Compasses.	Protractors (all kinds).	Note Books.
Pocket Sextants.	Pocket Rules.	Mapping Pens.
Optical Squares.	Parallel Rulers (all kinds).	Indian Ink.
Clinometers.	Measuring Tapes.	Plotting Scales.
Spirit Levels.	Measuring Chains.	Mounted Drawin Papers.
Pocket Levels.	T. Squares	Cartoon Papers.
Pantographs.	Set Squares.	Tracing Cloth.
Cases of Instruments.	Straight Edges.	Tracing Paper.
Pocket Sets.	Railway Curves.	Sectional Paper
Half Sets.	French Curves.	Sundries.
	Drawing Boards.	

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water-colours.	Siberian Pencils.	Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Moist do. in pans.	Sable-hair Pencils.	Palette Knives.
Slow-drying do. in Tubes.	Hog-hair Tools for Oils.	Dippers, &c.
Oil-colours in Tubes.	Sable do.	Bristol Boards.
Dry Water-colour Boxes.	Varnishes, Oils, &c.	Mounting Boards.
Moist do.	Drawing Papers.	Drawing pencils.
Oil-colour Boxes.	Oil Sketching Paper.	Crayons.
Illuminating Colour Boxes,	Prepared Canvas.	Gold and Silver Shells,
Camel-hair Pencils.	Prepared Millboards.	Gold Leaf.
	Mahl Sticks.	

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***ALL ARTICLES ADVERTISED ARE KEPT IN STOCK.

THACKER & CO., LD., BOMBAY,

AGENTS FOR—ELLIOTT BROTHERS, LONDON.
W. F. STANLEY, LONDON.
T. H. STEWARD, LONDON.

J. NEUBERG'S INDIAN CIGAR FACTORY.

NEW CROP! FRESH STOCK!

OF

CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,

Manufactured of choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, carefully selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high-class quality of which, he would respectfully draw the special attention of SMOKERS.

The different Brands held in stock are all *specialities*, of superb finish, and GUARANTEED quality, and Mr. NEUBERG is confident that they will meet that approval from connoisseurs he has always studied to indulge.

CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
THOMSON'S PRIME	Rs. 22 0	Rs. 2 8
Do. No. 1	,, 19 0	,, 2 2
DAWSON'S PRIME	,, 20 0	,, 2 4
Do. No. 1	,, 18 0	,, 2 0
PASHAS No. 1	,, 20 0	,, 2 4
Do. No. 2	,, 18 0	,, 2 0
NONPAREIL	,, 15 0	,, 1 12

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000	Per 100
PREMIERS	Rs. 27 0	Rs. 3 0
REGALIAS	,, 24 0	,, 2 12
LONDRES	,, 22 0	,, 2 8
FAVORITAS	,, 20 0	,, 2 4
PRINCIPES	,, 18 0	,, 2 0
CONCHAS	,, 18 0	,, 2 0

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK-TOWER,

BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN'S SILVER WATCHES,
WINDING WITH KEY.

	Rs.	a.	P.
Silver hunting watch, in neat engine turned, plain or chased silver case	35	0	0
The same, superior finish, lever escapement	30	0	0
The same, hunting or heavy silver case, ¾ plate movement, highest quality	40	0	0
Machine made silver hunting lever	80	0	0
English lever, crystal face	60	0	0
The same hunting case	70	0	0
Do. do. extra strong, best finish	92	0	0
The same, crystal face, extra stout case	85	0	0
Ditto fine silver crystal cases, engine turned compensation balance wheel	110	0	0

KEYLESS WATCHES.

	Rs.	a.	P.
Crystal face lever Campaign Watch, Sterling silver	50	0	0
Crystal face lever, large size	55	0	0
Hunting or half-hunting case, of sizes	60	0	0
Best make and superior finish, compensation balance wheel	75	0	0
Sterling silver lever, crystal face compensation balance, full jewelled, gold winding-knob and hinges.	110	0	0
The same in hunting case	120	0	0

Chronometer, Chronograph, Calendar repeating, independent seconds, and every class of complicated Watches always kept in stock.

PURE INDIAN (KANGRA VALLEY) TEAS.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SUPPLIERS OF HIGH-CLASS TEAS TO MESSES, CLUBS, &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' AND OTHER FIRST CLASS TEAS.

OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from Col. HAWES' and other Plantations) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable selection of the BEST and CHEAPEST Kangra Valley Teas, possessing an exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real Luxury to every Tea-Drinker.

Numerous Testimonials from different Connoisseurs prove that our Teas have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma. A LARGE STOCK of HOLTA TEAS on hand.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION. 22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

11, ESPLANADE-ROAD,

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

PORTRAITS of all sizes and descriptions executed in oils, water colours and black and white by thoroughly competent artists.

PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS

(Universally admitted to be the finest collection in the world)
Of India, Burmah, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements always available.
LISTS AND TERMS ON APPLICATION.

BRANCH HOUSES:

TALBOT HOUSE, SIMLA, AND 8, CHOWRINGHEE, CALCUTTA.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY.] [ESTABLISHED 1850

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.

BOMBAY FOUNDRY AND IRON WORKS

KHETWADY BOMBAY,

ENGINEERS, IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF CAST AND WROUGHT IRON MATERIALS.

IRON ROOFS	CRANES	BEVEL AND ROPE
ROAD ROLLERS	CYLINDERS	GEARINGS,
LAMP POSTS	GATES	ORNAMENTAL AND
GIRDERS	RAILINGS	GENERAL CASTINGS.
BRIDGES	COLUMNS	

OUR Foundry, one of the largest in India, is complete with every appliance for all kinds of General Loam and Heavy Castings up to 20-tons weight. The Fitting Department, furnished with First-Class Machines for every description of High-Class Work, and the Smithy, are under our personal supervision. Orders entrusted to us will be promptly executed and efficiently discharged.

Machines, Tools, &c., imported through our Agents from the well-known English makers

PLANS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

THORPE & CO.

IN soliciting ORDERS we beg to inform our CONSTITUENTS that this Department is superintended by a First-class London Shirt-Cutter. Gentlemen may rely on a well-fitting Shirt, strongly made, guaranteed to stand the rough usages of Indian washing.

OXFORD-CLOTH SHIRTS.
The best Oxford-cloth or Jute, with Collars attached. Per ½ doz. Rs. 30.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.
Pretty designs, Paris manufacture, all fast colours and durable materials.
Shirts, Collar attached. Rs. 27 per ½ dozen.

LONG-CLOTH SHIRTS.
A capital Shirt for wearing under uniform, or Troopship wear. Shirts per ½ doz. Rs. 20.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts and Cuffs, ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 25.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collar attached. ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 27.

FLANNEL SHIRTS.
A large assortment of best wove Flannels, Silk and Wool, have just arrived, thoroughly shrunk, and especially adapted for wear in India.
Flannel Shirt, each Rs. 8-8; Silk and Wool Shirt, each Rs. 8-8.

CRICKETING SHIRTS.
Best White Saxony Flannel, thoroughly shrunk Shirts, Rs. 8-8 each.

SPUN SILK SHIRTS.
Delightfully cool, and pleasant to the skin, Rs. 12-8 each.

MADE TO MEASURE OR READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

THORPE AND CO.,
SHIRT-MAKERS.
RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE INDIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 3 & 4, Parsee Bazar-Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 30th November, 1885, at 3 o'clock p.m. to transact the following business :—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance sheet made up to 31st October, 1885.
2. To elect Directors in the room of those retiring by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.
4. To dispose of such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By order of the Directors,
SORABJEE RUSTOMJEE MODY,
JEHANGIR GUSTADJEE,
Secretaries and Managers.

Bombay, 19th November, 1885.

P. S.—The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 28th instant to the 5th proximo, both days inclusive.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE ENGLISH COMEDY & VARIETY COMPANY.
UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION.
TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, 30TH NOVEMBER.
LEGITIMATE COMEDY,
NEW AND SPLENDID BURLESQUE,
FIRST APPEARANCE OF
MR. J. ROLLANS,
The eminent Ventriloquial Delineator and Bouffe Artist.
LATEST LOCAL HITS ! LATEST ÆSTHETICAL DANCES !
COME AND HEAR THE NEW LOCAL SONG, "THE SWEETS OF BYCULLA FLATS."
COME AND HEAR THE JINGOR SONG
"OFF AT ONCE TO BURMAH."
COME AND SEE
MR. J. ROLLINS
in his wonderful impersonations,
(First time in Bombay)
Come and see the Gorgeous Operatic Burlesque,
LUCRETIA BORGIA, M. D.,
OR
LA GRAND DOCTRESSE
(FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY.)
Full Particulars in Programmes.

TICKETS AT SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. SARRENTO arrived from HULL and ANTWERP are hereby requested to present their Bills of Lading for our countersignature, and to take delivery of their respective Goods from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Dixon, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing-sheds.

After removal from the landing-sheds the steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 27th November, 1885.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—THE ADJOURNED QUARTERLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on MONDAY, 30th instant, at 3 p. m., for the consideration of the question of the future management of the Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation ; & Secy, Town Council, Bombay, Municipal Offices, 28th November, 1885.

NOTICE is hereby given that PESTONJEE HEERJEE COOPER, of Bombay, PARSEE inhabitant, has contracted TO SELL to SHANTABAI, wife of BALKRISTNA SAZBA, the property herein under described. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of inheritance gift, sale, mortgage or otherwise, are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office, No. 26, Apollo-street, within the Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, which will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of land with the messuages, tenements or Bungalow, standing thereon, situate at Juggonath Sadasive Street, outside the Fort, in Bombay, and containing by admeasurement about 283 square yards and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No 1, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No 229 and new No 3031, Old Survey No 536, New Survey No. 7,396 and bounded on the east by the property of Pandoorung Bapoo Wurday, on the west by the property of Radhabai, wife of Moreshwar Wittoba Sakurdanday, on the north by the Juggonath Sadashivstreet, and on the south by the Cart of Abdoolcadur Jutaker, which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Pestonjee Heerjee Cooper—Dated the 28th day of November 1885.

BALCRUSTNA SAZBA.

NOTICE is hereby given that SONABAI widow of JEVAJEE MANECKJEE WATCHA has contracted to sell to OOMDA RAJAH RAJA YELLO GOOLEE KOOMAR AYACHANI NAIDOO BAHADOOR PANJARAJAH MUSAPADAR RAJA of VYANKATGIRY, C.S.I. the undermentioned property. All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground together with the messuage, tenements, dwelling-houses and outhouses standing thereon known as "Rose Cottage" situate at Matharpacady without the Fort of Bombay in the subdistrict of Mandvi and containing by admeasurement (2050—) square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under No 3 and bounded as follows on or towards the east, west, and south by the Fazendari land belonging to the late Maniyan Wassedev Daboolkar, and on or towards the north by the property belonging to Jeejeebhoy Jewajee and which premises were formerly occupied by Mr. W. H. Walker and now by the said purchasers. All persons having any claim against or to the said premises, either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 2 Church-gate-street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchaser will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same if any will be considered as waived.—Dated this 28th day of November, 1885.

BALKRISHNA & BHAGVANDAS,
Purchaser's Attornies.

CHRISTMAS CARDS,
NEW YEAR CARDS,
JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE AND AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK OF
CHRISTMAS AND
NEW YEAR CARDS.

☞ The latest date for posting Cards to England is Dec. 4.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A FRESH SUPPLY
OF
FOOT'S CELEBRATED LINEN
MARKING PENCILS.
Price each Re. 1.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FANS ! FANS !
SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

Mother of Pearl, Inlaid, Hand-painted	Rs.	125
Ivory, White, Satin, Hand-painted	Rs. 80 & ,,	100
Mother of Pearl, Satin, with view	Rs. 18-8 & ,,	20
Satin, Hand-painted	Rs. 6-8, 15 & ,,	32
Satin Crewel Worked	Rs. 10, 12 & ,,	20
Satin Covered Feathers	,,	10

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

REDUCED IN PRICE.
ACROSS CHRYSE
Narrative of a Journey of Exploration through the
SOUTH CHINA BORDER LANDS,
From Canton to Mandalay, 2 Vols,
BY ARCHIBALD R. COLQUHOUN,
With 3 Maps, 30 fac-similes of Native Drawings, and 300 Illustrations.
PRICE Rs. 8-12.
In order to clear Consignment we are now selling this valuable Work at the ridiculously low price mentioned above.
Original Price, Rs. 26-4.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HISTORY
OF
THE PARSIS:
INCLUDING
THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION, AND PRESENT POSITION.
BY
DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.
With coloured and other illustrations.
IN TWO VOLUMES.
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MACMILLAN & Co., LONDON,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE, BOMBAY.

2 Vols., Rs. 16—Postage 9 Annas.
Copies can be had at the
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart Row.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MORLEY HALL, COLABA.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30.
THE ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE COMPANY
Will appear at the above Hall for
TWO NIGHTS ONLY :
MONDAY,
GILBERT AND SULLIVAN'S NAUTICAL COMIC OPERA
H. M. S. PINAFORE.
TUESDAY,
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Adajaee, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

PEROSHAW BURJORJEE, Diplomaad Dawk Supplier, to H. E. the Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay. Most comfortable Phaeton and Tonga. Dawks ready laid for Mahableshwar, Panchgani and Satara, on moderate terms. Address Main-street, Poona.

LADIES' HATS cleaned, re-shaped and trimmed.—MRS. MARTIN, Practical Dress-maker and Milliner, 340, Grant-road, Bombay.

GENUINE HAVANNAH CIGARS, TABASCO, per box of 50, Rs. 9. LA GAZA, per box of 25, Rs. 4-8. LA MIRANDA, per box of 25, Rs. 4.—BARTON & Co., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE, two second-hand 8 H-P HORIZONTAL STEAM-ENGINES, together or separately. To be seen at BOMBAY GAS WORKS, Parel.

FOR SALE, Cheap, a Ladies' Cold-Weather Fur Cloak, medium size, very fashionable. Apply HAROON CASSUM Co., 38, Meadow-street, Fort.

BIJAPUR.—The TRAVELLER'S BUNGALOW is fully furnished and is provided with a Messman to whom Tourists should apply.

SILKS ARISENE.—Silks of all shades and colours, Crewel and Filoselle, Paper patterns, &c., &c., at very moderate prices at STEWARD & Co., 2, Church-gate-street.

WARMTH IN COLD—by the ALL-WOOLLEN RUGS at Rs. 6 and 15 each, at STEWARD & Co., 2, Church-gate-street.

WANTED, a COMPOSITOR, able to read any copy. Will have entire charge of a small Printing Office. Apply, stating terms expected, to OMEGA, care of *Bombay Gazette*.

BOMBAY HOTEL, FORT—Large, airy, and comfortable Rooms for Officers and Families, open on all sides. Every attention paid to Travellers. Monthly terms, moderate.

JUST ARRIVED per s.s. Paramatta, and for sale, Choice Immortelles, Wreaths and Crosses for Admiral and Children's Graves. Apply to P. Hamilton & Co., Undertakers and Sculptors, 7, Clare-road, Byculla.

WANTED by a firm in Bombay, a thoroughly efficient (English) DRAUGHTSMAN. One with a general practical knowledge of Engineering preferred. Liberal terms to a suitable party. Address No. 100, *Bombay Gazette*.

WHOLE-SALE.—Just received Yarn-dyed Khakee Drill at annas 5 to 6 per yard. Ing. Scarlet Serge Rs. 3 per yard. Army Welsh Flannel annas 40 per yard. Vest Helmets, complete, Rs. 8 each. Try at J. A. LACKA'S, near Jackaria Musjid.

NEW GOODS—Gentlemen's and Children's Electropathic Belts, Riding Belts, Table and Pocket Filters, Judson's Dyes—assorted colors, Richardson's Sprays, Kachoomers and Homœopathic Medicines. COLLETT and Company, Limited, 40 Medow-street, Fort.

WILLS in four different forms. Annas 8 each.

PHOTOGRAPHERS SENSITIZED PAPER in hermetically sealed tin cylinders of 1-3rd quire each, Rs. 5, per tin. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

TOM SAYERS GRAND BOHEMIAN BAND at TEMPLE BAR, TO-NIGHT, at 9. Admission to Gallery, Rs. 1.

ROPES FOR SALE, HARTON'S OILED COTT and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

SYKE'S GLASS HYDROMETERS.—A fresh supply just received. A complete set, Rs. 15-8. Apply to ROGERS & Co.

TO LET, from 1st December, a large UPPER-STOREYD HOUSE in Bellasis-road, opposite the Byculla Club. Apply to F. ROWLAND, Byculla.

A DELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations situate in a quiet locality, large airy Rooms.

DRESSES.—Dresses made to order. General satisfaction expressed by patrons for style and finish of work. MRS. COULSON, Carnac-road.

THE VELOCIPEDE, its history, and how to use it; by A. DAMES, Agent to the French Velocipede Co. Price, annas 8 ; postage free.

CASH BAZAAR, Ld., Fort, Gent's Angola Suits Rs. 18, 20 and 22. Gent's Evening Shirts, Rs. 3, 3-8, 4, each. Gent's Undervests as. 12, 14, and 16, 1 each.

PERRIER JOUET, B Brand, reserve cuvee Champagne, Magnums Rs. 14 ; Quarts Rs. 57 and Pints Rs. 30-8 per dozen. Apply, LYON and Co.

TO LET, from 1st December, a small UPPER-STOREYED HOUSE in Bellasi-road, opposite Byculla Club. Apply to F. ROWLAND, Byculla.

CEYLON TEA.—Rangalla Estate, Sample Tins of 5lbs. can be obtained from the Wholesale Agents, PHIPSON & Co., Bombay. Rs. 7-8 per tin.

WELLINGTON HOTEL (late Waverly), No. 3, Hampton Fort, Has arrived, by s. s. Knight of St. John, 12 annas per lb.

TO BE LET, a large commodious RUNGALOW at Grant Road, Arab All Seated. For Rent apply within or to R. M. RUTNAGUR, Share Bazaar.

COLD WEATHER TWEED SUITS, all wool, thoroughly shrunk, Rs. 18 to 25. Ladies Ulsters from Rs. 20 each.—John Mahomed and Co., 16 Medow-street.

APRICOTINES A LA CREAM, Liqueurs, Bon Bons, Chocolate Creams, Chocolate Cakes, Barley Sugars, Everton Toffee.—PEARSE, Confectioner.

INVALID PORT.—Carefully selected and highly recommended for convalescents. Price, R 2-4 a bottle or Rs. 26 per case.—FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, Bombay.

RUINART'S Champagne, green seal, established 1791. Magnums, Rs. 98 per doz. ; quarts, Rs. 5 per doz. ; pints, Rs. 26 per doz. Apply Ewart, Latham & Co.

£6,466,527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year £549,974-10-10 Stg.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS.—Furniture coverings in Tapestry, Damask, Reps, Cretonnes, Chintz, etc.—JOHN ROBERTS & CO., General House Furnishers, 13, Marine-street.

BEST, cheapest House in Bombay for Gold, Silver Jewellery, Phulkaris, Persian Carpets, Indian shawls, Buzkara stone, Necklace (a New Novelty.)—Herjimull & Co., Rampart-row, Bombay.

ACT of PARLIAMENT constituting the HIGH COURT of BOMBAY, with the Queen's Letters Patent and other documents relating to the same. Price, Rs. 3 ; postage, 1 anna.

INFANT'S CLOTHING of every description just arrived Hats, Bonnets, Robes, Pelisses, Pinafores, Wool Boots, &c. A large and choice assortment.—Badaam, Pile & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

MANILLA CHEROOTS.—Just imported of the choicest tobacco and carefully seasoned at the manufactory. Packed in boxes of 50 to suit all smokers. Rs. 2 per box.—HOWARD & Co., 30, Medows-street.

SOCIAL GATHERING of the ex-Elphinstonians comes off on SATURDAY, 12th December, 1885, at the new Elphinstone High-school Building. Apply to Mr. N. N. Gandar, at Sir Charles Forbes and Co., Fort.

GRAND LODGE S. F. I.—The Masonic Festival of St. Andrew will take place at Freemasons' Hall, Clare-road, Byculla, on MONDAY, 30th instant. For tickets, Rs. 5 each. Apply to the Grand Secretary at the Hall.

ATTENTION! SELLING OFF ! Zephyrs, Cambrics, & Pompadours, strong and fast possible colour, latest style for ladies' dresses ; at 4 annas per yard, net cash or V. P. Samples free on application. Try at Y. A. LACKA & Co.

AN ENGLISH WOMAN experienced and accomplished seeks a re-engagement after Xmas as Governess in an English Gentleman's or Native Nobleman's family. Good Testimonials. Apply stating salary offered—which must be liberal) ADAR, care of Colonel Dobbs, Chudder-Ghaut, Hyderabad, Deccan.

JUST RECEIVED, by the s. s. Cathay, Ladies' and Children's untrimmed fancy straw Hats, Algrettes in all colours, Baby's Cloaks, Flowers, Fancy Frillings, Wedding Wreaths and Viels, Dress materials—Silks, Velvets, and Velveteens in all colours.—G. P. Lukhmidas & Co., Milliners and Dress-makers, No. 25, Esplanade Cross-road, Bombay.

TABLE RAISINS, Pudding Raisins, Zante Currants, Almonds, Candied Peel, Spices, &c., ICING SUGAR, Machine-ground, at PEARSE'S.

M[illegible] O.

SALE of va[illegible] ure ; Sweet-toned [illegible] boxes, handsome [illegible] pper Utensils, &c.

THIS DAY, [illegible] p.m., Messrs. MEHRJ[illegible] by Public Auction, at[illegible] Surgeon Cowasjee Curs[illegible] sing spring-seated sofas a[illegible] cash ; and lady's writing tabl[illegible] stand, lamps, easy, arm and r[illegible] with whatnots, pictures, clocks[illegible] urns, Brussels hall carpet, marble topped [illegible] single and double cots with bedding, almirah with [illegible] irror, wardrobes, cheval glass, iron bath [illegible] safe, sideboard, double screen, door chick, copper utensils, &c.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A pair of well-matched young and sound Arab Horses, have been going regularly in harness, landed last year, over 14 in height.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 30th November, 1885.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th instant, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the tent on the Cotton Green, near the Tramway stables the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood, household furniture, crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, kerosine oil table lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of W. NICHOLSON, Esq. the same comprises glassware, dinner, dessert and breakfast services and French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as drawing room, dining, pier, writing, dressing and washhand tables, conversation and sofa couches, drawing room, easy and dining room chairs, Madras pattern sideboard, whatnot, teapoys, chiffoniers, bookstand, iron bedstead, wardrobe, almyra with mirror glass door, round table and teapoys with marble tops clothes press, dressing glass, hatstand, single cot, folding chairs, pictures, table lamps, table ornaments, flower vases, Brussels carpets, &c.

Property on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, dhoties.
15 cases white ground prints.
10 ,, mulls.
50 ,, each 4 doz quarts lager beer.
60 reams blotting paper 17 and 18 lb.
1 double handled French-shooting gun.
7 bales colored sarees.
25 bales T red yarn No. 40 full weight.
1 case white twist.
A quantity of blackwood furniture consisting of round tables, wardrobes chiffonier writing table, reclining couch, bedstead, hat stand.

On account of the concerned.

Sets of dinner service, curry dishes, butter pots, table lamp, cut tumblers, hock glasses, muffin plates, sneakers, bread plates, cheval glass, &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 English-built brougham.
1 second-hand landau.
1 strong office shigram.
1 Tricycle.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 1st day of December, 1885, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 22, Marine Lines, near the Native Hospital, the very valuable and handsome French-polished richly carved and plain blackwood and teakwood inlaid household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany cottage pianoforte by Silinke and Sponnagel, a handsome strong-built office brougham, a handsome light victoria, a handsome strong grey Arab horse, a set of plain and inlaid single harness, Chinese and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate water color and oleographs, handsome Brussels carpet, a handsome 30 day clock, an English-made refrigerator (ice-box) in very good order, electric wall lamps, Hinks's patent duplex table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of Capt. A. C. CLANK, the same comprises very rich fern pattern glassware, superior dessert and breakfast services, best plated cruet and liquor stands, ice pitcher, hotwater curry dishes, breakfast companion, spoons and forks, tea and coffee service, dinner bottle holders, biscuit box, claret jug, cake plate, sets of fruit and fish knives and forks with mahogany cases, table, piano and other candlesticks, horse and buffalo cutlery, handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood furniture such as a set of teakwood telescopic dining tables in 3 pieces, Madras-pattern sideboard, dumbwaiter with shelves, whatnot, round teapoys, drawing-room, pier, cot, writing, side and Madras-pattern dressing and wash-hand tables with or without marble tops, richly carved chiffonier, a handsome drawing-room in 10 pieces, easy, low, bentwood, office, reclining, straight, and Madras-pattern arm and without arm chairs, handsome inlaid chiffoniers, hatstands, ornamental stands toilet, hat and umbrella stand lady's writing table, card and folding wine tables, a sweet-toned mahogany cottage pianoforte, piano stool, music bookstand, large and writing table and hanging iron spring bedstead complete, clothes and gown presses, chest of drawers wardrobe with mirror glassdoors, handsome cane-sing-in-bed, Masai, and Madras-pattern tea paling screen, dress-ing glasses, baby's cot, reclining and sofa couches, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, sperger's and baskets, handsome Bru sels and Cambay carpets, first rate large size musical box, Japanese screens, first-rate water color and oleographs, table and hanging lamps, hanging, and eight day clock, an Englishmade refrigerator (ice box), handsome toilet and mirror glasses, bath, dispense and cookroom furniture, copper utensils, &c., &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 handsome strong-built office brougham.
1 ,, light victoria.
1 ,, grey Arab horse.
Set of single harness, lady's side saddle.
Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

SALE OF SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS TEAK SQUARES, BOARDS AND SCANTLINGS.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 2nd December, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Kassara Bunder to close consignment.

100 superior 1st class teaksquares and at Mazagon Darcokhana 20 tons superior 1st class teak boards and scantlings of various sizes.

On account and at the risk of the first purchaser Rajaram Balmoondas—

597 teak boards 5 by 1.

SALE OF TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On SATURDAY, the 5th December, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the premises of the Bombay Saw Mills Company, Limited, at Tank Bunder.

A large quantity of mill sawn timber of various sizes and suitable for many varieties of work.

In lots to suit purchasers.

AUCTION SALE of Terra Cotta Statues, marble and panels figures, marble stands, flooring tiles, real China vases and jars, &c.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms on MONDAY, the 7th December, at 3 p.m.

A consignment of handsome terra cotta statues, marble stands, centre tables, marble and parian figures and vases, flooring tiles, real China flower vases and Jars, sets of flower pots, tea services &c., which will be on view from TUESDAY, the 1st December.

SALE OF VALUABLE BOOKS
CONSIGNED TO MESSRS. LATHAM & CO., ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY,
FOR ABSOLUTE SALE.
BY PUBLIC AUCTION.
BY
BERNARD QUARITCH, BOOKSELLER, LONDON.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms WITHOUT RESERVE on WEDNESDAY, the 9th December, at 3.30 p.m.

The above consignment of books, which can be seen, and catalogues obtained, on application at the rooms of the Auctioneers or to Messrs. LATHAM & Co.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GRANT-ROAD.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th December, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee Sitanath Gopinath Ajinkya and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Bai Dhunbhaji widow of the late Dhunjibhai Nusserwanjee Cama in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 31st day of March 1885.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Grant-road in the Registration subdistrict of Bhoolesh war fronting towards the south of the said Grant-road and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the east partly by the property belonging to Anthony George De Gs, and partly by a public-road, on or towards the west by a public-road leading from the Grant-road to the Girgaum-road, on or towards the north by the covered drain by the side of the Grant-road aforesaid, and on or towards the south by a Foras-road, formerly and now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Dhunbhaji, widow, containing by admeasurement 46,578 square yards and seven-ninths of a square yard or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 86 and 87.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. Khunderao Morojee, Solicitor, for the mortgagee or to the undersigned.

On a date which will be hereafter fixed Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 21, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood and inlaid household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first class mahogany semigrand pianoforte, rich table ornament, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, first-rate pictures, handsome kerosine oil table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, &c., the property of Dr. C. F. WILLIS, 9th Bombay Infantry.

The property will be on view four days before sale.

On a date which will be hereafter fixed Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 33, Marine-lines, close to the 9th Regiment mess, the valuable and handsome French-polished carved and plain blackwood and teakwood and inlaid satinwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany square pianoforte, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, handsome Hinks's patent table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, first-rate pictures, Brussels carpets, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c. the property of Major C. T. ELLALAR.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 30th November, 1885.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.
Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY,
41, MEADOW-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF GENT'S AND LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES.

On WEDNESDAY, the 2nd December, at 1 p.m., Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their room No. 41, Meadow-street the following :—

On account and at the risk of the Indentor Esmailjee Currimbhoy—

5 Cases containing a large lot of Gent's and Ladies' Kid, Calf, and patent Leather and Canvas, Boots and Shoes in immense varieties, from the well-known makers, Manfield & Sons, of London, and Adolf Falk, of Paris.

The above Boots are just imported and are quite new and fresh.

NOW ON VIEW.

Terms—a deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and goods to be taken within three days against cash payment.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, 30th November, 1885.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

On THURSDAY, 3rd December Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twists, &c. :—

1 case black woollen cloth, superfine.
2 cases playing cards.
4 ,, magenta colour.
On account of the concerned ex s. s. Thames.
1 case Price and Gosnell's real old brown windsor soap.
1 ,, concentrated essence of white rose and damask rose.
2 cases assorted toilet soap.
10 ,, green dye in ½ lb. tins.
4 ,, brass wire.
5 ,, Schnapps.
5 ,, grey shirtings.
1 grain-cleaning machine.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 30th November, 1885.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.

ON THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Malabar Hill the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte, by Collard and Collard, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures in gilt frame, rich, brussels and velvet carpets, a handsome strong English-built landau by "Ness," a handsome strong fast-trotting grey Australian horse, set of single harness, &c., the property of E. H. FULTON, Esq., and Lieut.-Col. J. B. SPARKS ; the same comprises glassware, dinner, dessert and tea services, plated ware, such as ice pitcher, liqueur stand, breakfast companion, epergne, handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, such as sets of blackwood and teakwood dining tables in 3 pieces, sideboard, dumbwaiter, whatnot, mallet pattern arm and without arm chairs, handsome circular, pier, side, oblong and writing tables, easy, folding, reclining, long arm and drawing-room chairs, conversation and half-backed couches, teapoys, music stand, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by Collard and Collard, handsome bronze figures, wall and table kerosine lamps, handsome brass, iron and teakwood four-post bedsteads, dressing and washing tables, dressing-glasses, clothes and gown presses, chest-of-drawers, wardrobe, dispense articles, cooking utensils, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c. Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 5th December, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 2, Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsome black wood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best electroplated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany cottage pianoforte by Chapell and Co., one handsome sewing machine, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c., the property of Surgeon-Major C. S. CLOSE.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 12th December, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Wilderness Road, Malabar Hill, the handsome and valuable black and teakwood plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best electro-plated ware, crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square piano by Schedmayer and Sohne, Stuttgart, first-rate pictures and oleograph, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a handsome strong victoria, a handsome strong grey Arab horse, set of plated and brass-mounted English single harness, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of G. F. JOHNSON, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th December, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "The Old Court," Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome black wood and teakwood French-polished plain and carved household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and, Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oleographs and pictures in gilt frame, table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of S. L. MACNAGHTEN, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, November 28, 1885.

WANTED

A FOREMAN for a Mechanical Engineering Shop. A general knowledge of Fitting, Turning and Foundry work is necessary. Preference will be given to a man with a special knowledge of Locomotives and Railway rolling-stock.

Apply up to the 7th December, 1885, forwarding copies of testimonials, stating age, nationality and salary required to the

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER,
H.H. the Nizam's F.W.T., Hyderabad (Deccan).

THE Editors of the *Indian Antiquary* will be happy to give a PREMIUM of FIFTEEN RUPEES, in every case in which, for, on every new Copper-plate Inscription not previously published in this Journal (or by Mr. Fleet elsewhere), and not of a later date than the twelfth century A.D., of which the originals may be sent in to them for inspection. Postal charges will be borne by the Editors ; and accordingly each set of plates, packed carefully in a wooden box, should be sent by Parcel Post *unpaid* ("bearing"), and should be addressed to J. F. FLEET, Esq., Bo. C.S., C.I.E., care of the General Post Office, Bombay. (N. B.—Value-payable Parcels will not be accepted.) The plates will be returned, with the postage fully prepaid, after as little delay as may be necessary to enable Mr. Fleet to take his own impressions of the plates and photographs of the seals.

Gentlemen who send in plates are invited to send at the same time their own articles on them for publication,—or to intimate whether they will afterwards send articles or will leave it to the Editors to arrange about the publication. Nothing will be done to forestall anyone in the credit of being the first to bring to public notice any inscription of particular importance. All that is sought is that Mr. Fleet should have the opportunity of examining the original plates, and of preparing his own impressions for photo-lithography from them. But the first publication of any inscriptions on which the above premium is paid, must be in the *Indian Antiquary*, and the articles on them must be in the Editors' hands within three months from the time on which the premium is paid, otherwise the Editors are to be at liberty to take up the publication themselves.

Office of the "Indian Antiquary."
14th October, 1885.

BOMBAY, BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY
INCLUDING
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited and will be received up to 7th December, 1885, for the LOADING, UNLOADING and STACKING of COAL and MATERIAL, including Shunting and Marshalling of wagons at the Ajmere, Delhi, Sabarmati, and Khandwa Depôts.

Forms of Tender and conditions of Contract can be had from the Store-keeper's Office, Ajmere Depot.

A deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be required to accompany this Tender.

Undersigned does not bind himself to accept he lowest or any tender.

W. S. S. BISSET,
Agent.

General Offices, Fort, Bombay, 2nd November, 1885.

BOMBAY, BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY
INCLUDING
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDERS are invited and will be received up to 7th December, 1885, for the supply of SMALL STORES COUNTRY PRODUCE, &c. required by the Company during the 12 months commencing 1st January, 1886.

Particulars of the estimated quantities together with Forms and Conditions on which only Tenders will be accepted can be obtained from the Chief Store-keeper, Colaba, Bombay, and from the Store-keeper's Office, Ajmere Depot, where samples can be seen on and after 10th instant.

The right is reserved to select any one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the Tenderer shall be bound to supply the same at the Tender rate.

A deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be required to accompany the Tender in respect of this Contract and as a further security for the due performance of the contract a deduction of 10 per cent. will be made from each payment until the total deposit amounts to 5 per cent. of the total estimated cost of the items to be supplied.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

W. S. S. BISSET,
Agent.

General Offices, Fort, Bombay, 2nd November, 1885.

BOMBAY, BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY
INCLUDING
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

TENDERS FOR OILS, TALLOW AND COTTON WASTE.

TENDERS are invited and will be received up to the 7th December, 1885, for the supply of
Castor oil.
Kerosine oil.
Cocoanut oil.
Linseed oil, raw and boiled.
Tallow best clarified white.
Cotton waste No. 1 to Company's sample.
Do. No. 3 do. do.

required by the Company during the 12 months commencing 1st January, 1886.

Particulars of the approximate quantities required for delivery at the Bombay, Ajmere and Sabarmati Depôts, with forms and conditions on which only Tenders will be received, can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Colaba, Bombay, and from the Storekeep r's Office, Ajmere depôt on and after 10th instant.

The right is reserved select any one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the Tenderer shall be bound to supply the same at the Tender rate.

A deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be required to accompany the Tender in respect of each contract and as a further security for the due performance of the contract a deduction of 10 per cent will be made from each payment until the total deposit amounts to 5 per cent. of the total estimated cost of the items to be supplied.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

W. S. S. BISSET,
Agent.

General Offices, Fort, Bombay, 2nd November, 1885.

WINES SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
18, Forbes Street, Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE

ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p. m.
St Andrew's Freemasons' Festival, Freemason's Hall, Byculla.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on 28th :—Lawada (s), from London ; Hydaspes (s), Shangai ; Ribston (s), Australia ; Nurjahan (s), Madras ; Cairo (s), Jedda ; and Arabia (s), Glasgow. Yesterday.—Inchmaree (s), Tyne ; and Parna (s), Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on 28th :—Aspatria (s), for Hull ; Cathay (s), China, etc ; and Maharaja (s), Cocanada and Calcutta.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—The business of the fifth Criminal Sessions, which occupied eight days, terminated on Saturday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Suakim direct per hired Transport Nowshera will be closed at the General Post Office, at 5 p. m. to-day.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Colombo, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong per extra s.s. Titania will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p.m. to-day.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Lawada, Sirocco, and Hydaspes entered, and the s.s. Bangalore, Monkseaton, Cathay, and Aspatria left, the dock on Saturday.

FALL DOWN A STAIRCASE.—Dhondee Govind, aged 7 years, a mendicant, while asking for alms at a house in Lohar Chawl-street on Saturday forenoon, fell down a staircase and fractured his left thigh. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he is under medical treatment.

THE POONA PRARTHANA SAMAJ.—The fifteenth anniversary of the Poona Prarthana Samaj will be celebrated next month. The festival will extend from Dec. 5th to the 13th. It is proposed to have an ex curaion to the Karli caves on the evening of the 12th, the followng day being devoted to a religious conversation.

STREET ACCIDENT.—An old man named Permanund Soondarjee was, on Saturday morning, while passing along the Carnac-road, knocked down by a victoria belonging to Shaik Adum. He sustained a fracture to the lower jaw-bone and a severe shock. He was at once removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital for medical treatment.

SUICIDE.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Emambara-road, on the body of Mohona Rukhma, aged 26 years. Deceased was a labourer, and had been suffering from dysentery for the past six weeks. On Friday evening last he was missed from his house at Chinch-bunder, and on Saturday evening his dead body was found floating in the Baboola Tank ; there were no external marks of violence on the body. The jury brought in a verdict of suiside by drowning.

THE WARDHA SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—Mr. Cursetjee Manekjee Settna writes :—"In the report of the Wardha Spinning and Manufacturing Company published on the 28th inst. in your paper, I find, to my surprise, my name connected with the concern. I beg distinctly to contradict the report, and to state that I never had anything to do with the proposed starting of the company either as a joint-agent or shareholder or in anywise whatsoever, and request that you will kindly publish in your next issue this contradiction.

THE GAIETY THEATRE.—On Friday evening, for the benefit of Miss Tilly Saroney, the English Opera Bouffe Company, under the management of Mr. N. Salinger, produced the charming comic opera of "The Grand Duchess of Gerolstein" to a crowded audience, whose appreciation of the efforts made to entertain them was manifested by the large measure of applause accorded after each act. Miss Tilly Saroney has certainly established a reputation both as an accomplished vocalist and an actress of no mean order. The gem of the opera "Diteslin" was the success of the evening, and obtained a well-merited encore which Mr. A. Fawcett as "Fritz" deservedly shared. The saddening of the little material at the command of Mr. Salinger in the shape of chorus and scenic apparatus the production was very creditable, and Bombay will feel the loss of so pleasant a caterer's management. On Saturday they gave an excellent representation of "H. M. S. Pinafore."

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—Nov. 28.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

GIVING FALSE EVIDENCE IN A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING.

THE trial of Crishnajee Arjoon, who was charged with having, on the 15th June last, in a civil suit heard before Mr. Justice Pinhey at the High Court, given false evidence, was continued before his lordship and a common jury. Mr. P. M. Mehta, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown ; and the Hon. Mr. Budroodin for the defence.

Evidence for the prosecution was gone on with until 4 p.m., when Mr. Mehta summed up the whole of it.

Mr. Budroodin, on behalf of the prisoner, asked the jury not to be misled by the sanction to prosecute given by Mr. Justice Pinhey into supposing that his lordship had expressed any opinion against the accused. His lordship had not before him all the evidence on one side and on the other ; and he was not in a position to pronounce a judicial declaration that the prisoner had committed perjury. The sanction given by the learned judge was merely a formal proceeding ; and it proved nothing one way or the other. It might be that the story told by the prisoner before Mr. Justice Pinhey was not altogether straightforward or altogether true ; but what the learned counsel urged was that the story in its main parts was correct. The jury were asked to come to a conclusion on the broad issue, as raised before Mr. Justice Pinhey, whether the assignment to Luxman Bapujee was or was not made. The learned counsel said that, by the transaction of the 30th March if it really took place, the legal interest in the estate passed to Luxmon Bapujee, but that, under the particular circumstances of the case, there was a beneficial interest which still remained with the accused. Mr. Budroodin, referring to the details of the transaction, contended that the item of Rs. 2,200 was a sham item. Luxmon Bapujee's son, Pudmanabh, said that the balance of Rs. 3,00c and odd, which was paid by him to the prisoner, was obtained by him on mortgage, and yet he did not produce the mortgage deed or call the mortgagee, or produce a single scrap of paper to show how he obtained the money. His story on this point was incredible. If the jury did not believe the allegations as to the Rs. 2,200, they must discredit the rest of Pudmanabh's story.

His lordship having summed up the case, the jury retired for consultation, and after a quarter of an hour, returned a verdict of not guilty. The prisoner was discharged ; and the Sessions were formally dissolved at 6-30 p. m.

CHARLES WYNDHAM'S THEATRICAL COMPANY.

A PUBLIC MEETING was held on Friday evening at Messrs. Soundy and Co., to consider the practicability of raising a Guarantee Fund, sufficiently large to induce the above Company to perform in Bombay (on their way to Australia) for seven weeks during the months of January and February next.

About a dozen gentlemen were present, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley was voted to the chair.

A letter addressed to Mrs. Digby de R. Willoughby by Mr. H. St. Maur was read by Mr. H. M. Phipson, who stated that a telegram had since been received, from which it appeared that if the sum of Rs. 16,400 could be raised by letting 38 boxes at Rs. 280, 120 stalls at Rs. 70 for fourteen special performances, during the season, the terms would, in all probability, be accepted.

The subject was discussed at length by those present, the majority of whom were, however, of opinion that subscribers would not be forthcoming if the rates were placed so high. Resolutions were then passed, authorizing a subscription at Rs. 224 for a box and Rs. 56 for a stall.

THE MEMORIAL TO A GUJERATI POET.

THE following additional sums have been subscribed to Poet Dalpatram Dahiabhai's memorial fund :—

	Rs.	a.
Already acknowledged since subscribed	8527	9
H. H. Thakor Saheb Soorsingjee of Palitana	50	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Wakhatsinujee of Saila	25	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Wakhatsingjee of Vala	30	0
H. H. Thakor Sahib Soorsing'ee of Virpur	15	0
Durbar Saheb Lakhaman Merain, Partver of Jetpur	25	0
Durbar Saheb Godad Vala Partver of Jetpur	10	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Jeysingjee of Dhrol	40	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Modjee of Malia	20	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Sartansingjee of Muli	15	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Balsingjee of Wadhwan	150	0
Desai Saheb Soorajmaljee Joravarsingjee of Paldi	30	0
Durbar Saheb Malek Nasebhanjee of Malana	125	0
Dinesh Kawasjee Mancherjee Karanjawala	10	0
Rao Bahadoor Bholanath Sarabhai	50	0
Rao Bahadoor Jagjiwandas Khoosaldas	20	0
Lachheram Mansookhram, Esq.	10	0
H. H. Raj Saheb Mansingjee of Dhrangadhra.....	200	0
Popatbhai Veljee, Dewan of Dhrangadhra	25	0
H. H. Alijee Chellaje of Jasdaw	25	0
Motilal Madhaoral, Dewan of Porbundar	15	0
Durbar Saheb Gajnafarkhanjee of Manavadar....	60	0
Khan Saheb Sherkhanjee Partner of Batwa.....	25	0
Khan Saheb Samatkhanjee Gidud, Partver of Jetpur	30	0
H. H. Thakor Saheb Bavajee Raj of Rajkot	100	0
Khan Bahadoor Dhanjibhaw Hormajee Karaka, Magistrate, Rajkot	10	0
Subscriptions under Rs. 10.....	12	0
Total Rs.	9,651	9

BENGAL.

A VETERAN WARIOR RETIRES.—Our readers may have observed an advertisement which has appeared from time to time recently for a "European Court-keeper." The want of such an officer is caused by the retirement from the service of Henry Hartigan, V. C., late a Sergeant in the 9th (Queen's) Royal Lancers, who has held the appointment for more than seven-and-twenty years. He has seen three Chief Justices, more Advocates General than we care to count, public prosecutors by the dozen, and barristers *ad libitum* all pass away, and now he is about to pass away himself. Hartigan was appointed to the post by way of recognition of his distinguished military services during the Mutiny ; and the manner in which he has fulfilled the duties of the situation proves that he brought with him into civil life the qualifications which stood him in such good stead as to obtain the commendation of all ranks as a soldier. The buildings of the Court are very extensive, it is needless to say, and their admirably clean condition during term time or vacation, and the state of the furniture, all of which are of course under Hartigan's charge, say much for the veteran's supervision and administrative powers. He is a born gardener too, and the manner in which the shrubs and plants are disposed in and around the building, more especially in the quadrangle and embowering the exterior of his own quarters, is highly creditable to his taste and skill. Personally affable, courteous and obliging, he has "gained golden opinions from all sorts of people" in his somewhat thankless office, and retires after his long service with the best wishes of every one, including ourselves.—*Indian Daily News.*

GROSS CRUELTY BY A MOTHER-IN-LAW.

ON the 23rd instant, at the Sealdah Police Court, Baboo Ram Sunker Sen, Rai Bahadoor, Deputy Magistrate, delivered judgment in a case in which a Hindoo woman was charged with torturing a little girl, her daughter-in-law. The judgment is as follows :—"The complainant, a girl of 12 years of age, daughter of Taramoni Dassee, was married about 8 months ago to a young man, named Upendra Nath Sinha, son of Kartick Chunder Sinha and of Hiramoni Dassee, the accused in the case. Having failed in an attempt to bring away her daughter from Hiramoni's house, Taramoni, who had recently lost her father, and wanted the girl to be present at the *Sradh*, went on the 7th October, 1885, to Hiramoni's house, accompanied with Srinibas Prodhan, son-in-law to Hiramoni, her own son-in-law, Narayan, and a priest, named Damoodar Panda. On arrival, she made her entreaties to Hiramoni, but as she was refused Taramoni dragged her daughter out, when the marks of burns described in the medical evidence were observed by all present on the person of the girl. These marks, as deposed to by the Assistant Surgeon, were a burn on the girl's left check, one on the right shoulder blade, a third on front on the upper part of the right arm, a fourth on the front part of the right forelegs. In his opinion, these burns were probably caused by a heated *khontee* (an instrument used by Hindoo women for the purpose of cooking), and the edges of the wounds corresponded with the shape of such an instrument. The Assistant Surgeon further stated that the wounds were five or six days old when he examined them. The story of the girl Kuruni is to the effect that on the Sunday preceding, *i.e.*, 4th October last, at 1 p.m., her mother-in-law, Hiramoni, was angry with her, owing to her unclean habits (according to Hindoo notions), and struck her with her hand, and that at this time her husband's sister, Pootee, had accused her of stealing cream. Her mother-in-law, Hiramoni, then heated a brass *khontee* and applied it on her left cheek, and reheated and applied it to the different parts of her body, as described in the medical evidence. That when she was thus tortured her hands and feet were tied by a piece of cloth by the accused, and that she was threatened with death if she cried. When her mother, Taramoni came the next Tuesday evening, she was not allowed to see her, but she had, unobserved by others, made to her mother signs from a distance, which, as deposed to by Taramoni, had raised suspicions in her mind, and induced her to come this next morning to Hiramoni's house, accompanied by relatives on both sides. The scene which took place on their arrival at Hiramoni's has been described by Taramoni, Srinibas, and some of the neighbours who were drawn to the place. Here, in the presence of all, Kuruni accused her mother-in-law, who, with her husband, Kartick Sinha, was also present, with having inflicted these burns on her person, when Hiramoni declared that she had burned the girl in that way in consequence of her filthy habits. The neighbours having interfered, the girl was brought away by the mother, and information was lodged at the thanna on the Friday succeeding, after the *Sradh* above alluded to was over. It will be seen that for the purpose of substantiating the charge, there is the solo testimony of the girl Kuruni ; but such testimony is unsupported, and as it is in evidence that soon after the occurrence took place, this witness stated before Srinibas, Khetter Mohun, and others, and in presence of the accused, how the latter had maltreated her, to which accusation Heramoni made a statement which also goes to support the charge. The defence would make it appear that there was a dispute between Hiramoni and Taramoni regarding an alleged misappropriation made by the latter of certain ornaments given by the former to the girl Kuruni, and that when on the morning of Wednesday, the girl was taken away by force by her mother, aided by Srinibas and others, no marks were seen on her person. Several witnesses have been brought to prove the absence of marks on the person of Kuruni when she was taken away, and of these witnesses, the Police Inspector, Nobin Chunder Nundi, is stated to have witnessed the occurrence that day as they were passing that way. It is not stated how in the midst of the crowd that had then assembled these men, who are not close neighbours, brought themselves to the notice of the latter of certain ornaments given by the former to the girl Kuruni, and that when on the morning of Wednesday, the girl was taken away by force by her mother, aided by Srinibas and others, no marks were seen on her person. Several witnesses have been brought to prove the absence of marks on the person of Kuruni when she was taken away, and of these witnesses, the Police Inspector, Nobin Chunder Nundi, is stated to have witnessed the occurrence that day as they were passing that way. It is not stated how in the midst of the crowd that had then assembled these men, who are not close neighbours, brought themselves to the notice of his aim between the charm which he wields and the little influence that he possesses.

THE INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION.

SIR PHILIP CUNLIFFE-OWEN has been entertained at a dinner given by the committee of the St. George's Club, Hanover-square. The Earl of Dunraven presided, and among others present were Lord Harris, Sir Robert Herbert, Sir Charles Tupper, and a number of other gentlemen connected with the government of the colonies. In response to his health, coupled with success to the Colonial and Indian Exhibition of 1886, proposed by the Chairman, Sir Philip referred at some length to the coming exhibition. Sir Philip had, as secretary of the Royal Commission which had been appointed by the Prince of Wales, received the greatest assistance from gentlemen connected with the colonies, notably from the High Commissioner for the Canada, who had been untiring in his efforts, and had sacrificed his holiday in order to visit Canada to make arrangements there for next year's Exhibition. The exhibition ought certainly to be a success. There was no red-tape machinery connected with it. The various legislative assemblies of the different colonies had heartily responded to the invitation sent by the Prince of Wales last year. Every inch of available space had been allotted last November, and every inch of that space would be filled. This exhibition was not one at which the various people who catered for the colonies were to exhibit, but an exhibition to be built up by the colonies themselves, to contain only those objects which they produced. It was to be hoped that this exhibition would have a deeper influence than merely one of trading interest. It was to be expected that it would have a most important influence in bringing about marked bonds of sympathy between the colonial and the British subjects of the Queen. Next year would be in this respect a red-letter day in the annals of the colonies. Formerly it was said that a great deal of ignorance existed on the part of the public as to the colonies. The exhibition would act as a vast educational medium. All the money that the exhibition had been concentrated with, and they were forming workmen's clubs to enable the working classes to visit the exhibition next May, as was done in 1851. Lodgings had already been secured from March next to accommodate the colonial visitors who would attend, and the entire arrangements made were such as to leave no doubt of achieving a great success. The finest collection of articles ever got together in this country would be exhibited. The fine art department of the Exhibition would be of vast proportions. The great main gallery would be one vast promenade, with the Indian exhibits on either side, and a promenade 25ft. wide in the middle. In accordance with the wish of the Prince of Wales, music would be going on all day long, and all the attractions of the Exhibition of this year would be continued. In all this, there could be no question that the Colonial and Indian Exhibition of 1886 would be of the first importance, of the greatest interest, and of immense popularity.

A HOME paper writes :—The main gallery will be devoted to the Indian section, and if we may judge of it from what is already known concerning the promised collection of silks, satins, embroideries, shawls, jewellery, gold vases and ornaments, inlaid furniture, arms and saddlery, cereals and fruits, the scene presented, when all is duly arranged, will doubtless readily recall some description from the gorgeous pages of the "Arabian Nights." As a contrast to this Asiatic magnificence will be more sober but not less important contributions of Canada. Here we shall see the nearly inexhaustible wealth of Manitoba, the varied cereal products of the Dominion, and the fruit divisions of the Dominion, whose natural history will be, as at the "Fisheries," fully illustrated. Under the able direction of Sir Charles Tupper and his colleagues, the section of the Australian colonies of the exhibition will be admirably organised. Australia, too, will certainly do herself more than justice on this important occasion, and will be represented on a scale of remarkable completeness. For the first time, too, we shall be enabled to thoroughly realise the resources of our West Indian colonies, which will occupy a great department under the general administration of Mr. A. J. Shirley, C.M.G., opposite to which is now erected the Chinese Gallery, but which in 1886 will be devoted to Hongkong. This display will be extremely valuable, as it will afford us an opportunity of seeing at a glance how infinite are the natural resources of these rich islands, which are among the earliest discoveries of Columbus. Shakespeare's "still vex'd Bermoothes" will show us how prolific they are in rare woods and marine products. The "Bahamas" will as in 1862 be full of "Fisheries," surprise us by the infinite variety of their fairy-like sea curiosities, their pink pearls, snowy corals, their shells and sponges, and by that almost supernaturally beautiful submarine vegetation which grows upon the soft sands surrounding this favoured archipelago, and which, by reason of the clearness of the water, is seen "distinct full five fathoms deep beneath the surface of the sea." Jamaica will also prove, notwithstanding the many disasters which have befallen her since the "emancipation," she has still a great commercial future, and so with Honduras and a score of other minor colonies on the Eastern Coast of Central America. Malta and Cyprus will each have its section, and doubtless both will contain works of art, ancient and modern, and products of nature in abundance, proving that these representatives of the oldest civilisations are not behindhand in responding to the call of that nation under whose rule they enjoy a securer freedom than ever they did when governed by their native sovereigns.

The Royal Pavilion, entirely, rebuilt in the Indian style, will contain one vast apartment, where it is said His Royal Highness will on state occasions receive his Colonial and Asiatic visitors. "Old London" will remain as it is, and will surely afford amusement and instruction to our Colonial guests, as showing them what London was at the time when so many of their present homes were discovered. Needless to add that the gardens will be illuminated, as heretofore, by Sir Francis Bolton, and that the ever-attractive fountains will nightly cast up their volumes of illuminated water, and that these beautiful things will on this occasion be carried out on a scale of far greater importance than previously.

In the Indian section a further attraction will consist of a superb palace intended to illustrate Hindoo architecture, which is already rapidly rising from its foundations, and which, when finished, will be peopled by a colony of natives busily engaged upon those artistic handicrafts for which India has ever been celebrated.

Besides the usual refreshment departments and dining-rooms, the wants of the inner man will be also supplied in Colonial and Asiatic restaurants, coffee and tea houses. The centre of the main gallery, where, as already intimated, will be gathered a part of the Indian section, will be left clear, and devoted to the purpose of a general promenade, and here will be stationed throughout the day bands of musicians.

There will be no executive committee to this exhibition. The Prince of Wales will be its sole representative. His secretary, it is almost needless to say, is Sir Philip Cunliffe-Owen, whose ability is too well known to need complimentary adjectives.

The two secretaries to the Royal Commission are Mr. Royal for the Indian department, and Mr. Edward Cunliffe-Owen, who has so accurately discharged the duties of secretary on three previous occasions. The literary department will be intrusted to the acknowledged ability of Mr. A. J. Trindell. The various sections will be under the direction of the executive Colonial commissioners, aided by staffs of gentlemen of their own selection, whose functions will be entirely independent.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the ANGLO-AMERICAN DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED, 38, Farringdon-road, London.

THE NICARAGUAN FOOTPRINTS.

GEOLOGICAL students will remember that last year much interest was caused by the announcement that human footprints had been discovered in the solid rock in a quarry over Lake Managua, in the territory of Nicaragua. The interest was increased by the statement that those footprints had been overlaid by 11 different layers of stone, extending to a depth of 4 metres. This seemed to indicate an antiquity for our race quite transcending all conjectures hitherto hazarded. An Austrian gentleman, Herr H. E. Low, has obtained and forwarded to the Imperial Museum in Vienna 12 large stone slabs bearing those footprints. They are about three-quarters of a metre square, and weigh altogether 33 centners. They can now be inspected by European zeologists. The footprints are sunk into the stone to a depth of from 8 to 10 centimetres. The stone itself is a porous volcanic tufa, and the superincumbent layers, which had been removed for building purposes, were all of a more or less solid volcanic conglomerate. The footprints are very conspicuous, and seem to be those of three distinct persons, one of whom was a child. It is stated that in one of the overlaying strata impressions of leaves were very numerous and conspicuous. Unfortunately, no specimens of this have been forwarded to Vienna. But it may be safely said that it would be rash to infer an extraordinary antiquity for those footprints from the fact that they have been covered over by several layers of stone to a considerable depth, which might have been deposited by a succession of volcanic eruptions.

GRAEFENBERG CATHOLICON.

An infallible remedy for all FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Cures WEAKNESS NERVOUSNESS, and GENERAL DEBILITY. This remarkable preparation is the only reliable remedy for the distressing diseases of women. Sold by

COOPER, MADDON & CO., Ld.

Price, Rs. 3-4 per bottle.

Many leading Physicians are using this Medicine in their Practice.

A MEDIÆVAL TEMPLAR.

COMTE ALBERT DE MUN, who is now claiming the leadership of the Reactionaries, is of a character almost unique (says the Paris correspondent of the *Times*). He is a Mediæval Templar, or rather a Peter the Hermit, asleep for nearly 800 years, and suddenly waking up at the end of the nineteenth century. He is not fanatical or narrow-minded : he is a survival. He defends a cause which many have defended ; but they are dead, while he survives, without perceiving that he is left alone. He is bent on preaching to a generation which does not comprehend him, and on leading to battle soldiers who cannot handle the weapons that he uses. He is not embarrassing for his opponents, but only for those whom he claims to lead and who hasten to disclaim him. He would be a valuable auxiliary for the Republic if the Conservatives did not repudiate his doctrines, for he preaches that Ultramontanism which the immense majority of the nation abhors.

A descendant of the materialist Helvetius, he was an excellent officer in the army when he discovered that he had Peter the Hermit's cassock under his staff uniform. Young, prepossessing, and eloquent, he mounted the pulpit, and preached, with morality as his basis and the future state for his aim. He selected themes sure to tell with the faithful who listened to him, yet, though his sincerity is unquestionable, he has never succeeded in convincing anybody. The fact is that while as anxious as his predecessor to electrify the masses, the doctrine of the Jesuits has spread casuisty and caution over his oratory. He brandishes his sword, but he looks well before striking to see that the blow will fall on the spot skilfully selected. His auditors thus perceive that he is not striking at random, but that passion is subordinate to reflection and that there is a strategist behind the enthusiast. Hence the inconsistency between his impassioned utterances and the coolness of his aim between the charm which he wields and the little influence that he possesses.

CHRISTIAN MASSACRES IN ANNAM.

THE Vicar Apostolic of Saigon has published an appeal for subscriptions on behalf of the Annamite Christians who have survived the recent massacres. There can now no longer be any doubt, he says, that 24,000 Christians have been horribly massacred in Southern Annam. The survivors from the three provinces in which the massacres raged have taken refuge near the French Consulate at Quinhon, where they are living on the sandy beach without any covering. One thousand of them were moved to Saigon by steamer, as there is no hope that they will be allowed to return to their villages. In Western Cochin-China, says the Vicar-Apostolic, the mission is absolutely ruined. Not one of its numerous establishments remains ; 200 churches, with presbyteries, schools, and orphanages, have been reduced to ashes. Not a single house belonging to Christians has been left standing, and in their hurried flight the survivors were unable to carry away with them any of their property. The bishop ascribes the persecution to the hatred of the Annamites towards France, and on this ground he appeals to the French for assistance. But a French journal published in Saigon, *L'Unite Indo-Chinoise* attributes the massacres, not to religion, but to the refusal of the Christians to join in an insurrection against the French, whom they had warned of the threatened outbreak.

BISMARCK'S IRON RING.

THERE is quite a little romance associated with the large iron ring worn by Prince Bismarck. The ring has the Russian inscription of "Nitschewo," a word much used by the Russians, and expressing much the same meaning as our "No matter." This is the story of the ring :—When Bismarck was Minister at St. Petersburg, in 1862, he received in the winter an invitation to an imperial hunt, which was to take place at a very considerable distance from the capital. He turned up at what he supposed to be the rendezvous with plenty of time to spare, but unfortunately it turned out that he was still a matter of sixteen miles away. A peasant undertook to bring him to the spot in time, and forthwith Bismarck and his guide set off in a sleigh with two diminutive horses. To the suggestion of the Prussian Minister, who could only speak his own language, that the animals in front were only rats, the driver returned a curt "Nitschewo." "You'll be sure to be in time?" again ventured Bismarck after a while, and the answer was another "Nitschewo." The impatient huntsman complained that the pace was not swift enough, and the peasant, with "Nitschewo," lashed his horses into such a speed that Bismarck began to upbraid him. The answer was still the same. A short time afterwards both occupants of the sleigh were thrown out, yet all the satisfaction Bismarck could get from his driver was "Nitschewo." Picking up a piece of iron which had been broken from the sleigh, the Prussian Minister carried it back to St. Petersburg and had a ring made as a memento of an adventure which might have had a more serious end. This iron ring still adorns the finger of the Iron Chancellor. When Bismarck related this story he is said to have added :—"My good Germans often reproach me with being too indulgent to Russia ; but they should remember that I alone in all Germany am accustomed in critical moments to say 'Nitschewo' (No matter), while in Russia a hundred million people live with the same momeat have 'Nitschewo' on the tongue."

THE "LEGITIMATE" DRAMA.

MR. AUGUSTUS HARRIS, writing on "The National Theatre" in the current number of the *Fortnightly Review*, says :—Six years have elapsed since I began my management, and the promises of friends and foes alike remain unverified, for my most sanguine hopes have been more than realized. The policy I have pursued at Drury Lane from the commencement has undergone no change. It was originally laid down that I should keep the house, it was adopted from the time I took possession of the theatre, it is maintained to-day. My constant aim has been to guage the taste of the theatre-going public, and to cater for it, however dramatic, full of life, novelty, and movement ; treating, as a rule, of the age in which we live, dealing with characters they can sympathise with, and written in a language they can easily understand. It must be well mounted, well acted, and should appeal rather to the feelings of the public at large than to the prejudice of a class. The successful drama of today must be realistic, for to be realistic is to be true to nature, and to be natural is to be artistic. If the powerful minority still insists on a national theatre (in their sense of the word) at Drury Lane I am ready, nay, more, it will be my greatest pleasure, to oblige them, but I am unwilling to ruin myself in satisfying their caprice. If they are in earnest a sufficient subsidy would render my daily task—the constant gauging of the public taste—superfluous ; or perhaps, they may be influential enough to secure the realisation of their hobby at the expense of the State. I am far from treating lightly the wishes of the supporters of the "legitimate," but I desire to indicate the real extent of the demand they create.

THE RECENT GREAT FIRE IN LONDON.—A London evening paper, in some remarks upon the great fire in Charterhouse-street, Clerkenwell, says :—We do not presume to be judges in these matters, but reasoning from the facts made painfully clear to us by the late disastrous fire in Clerkenwell, we must come to the conclusion that while other so-called fireproof safes were utterly destroyed, those of Milner remained altogether uninjured by the conflagration. Of course, we must attribute this to superior make and to the superior material used in the construction of the safes. Here, for instance, Messrs. Barret and Elers say : "Our Milner's safe was subjected to a most severe test, but we have much pleasure in informing you that it preserved its contents intact." This is but one of the many testimonials that Messrs. Milner have received from the sufferers by the great fire at Clerkenwell. Having the public welfare at heart we think these facts cannot be too widely known. It is a comfort to know that we can secure against the action of the most destructive element known even the most inflammable of materials, such as paper, parchments, &c. The late fire in Clerkenwell was one of the most destructive that has occurred in recent times, and when it is widely known that ten Milner's safes passed unscathed through that conflagration, which was of sufficient intensity to almost melt iron, the public mind will be relieved of one great source of apprehension as to the safety of its valuables.

A CODICIL WRITTEN ON THE BATTLEFIELD.

THE will of the Right Hon. John Edward Leveson, Viscount St. Vincent, late of Norton Disney, Lincolnshire, a captain in the 16th Lancers, who died on January 22 last, at Abou Klea, in the Soudan, was proved on the 22nd ult., the value of the personal estate amounting to over £11,000. The codicil (the *Illustrated London News* says) was made by the deceased after he was wounded ; it is written on one of the pages of his pocket army book, following some notes as to camels, sketches, and other military memos. ; and the book is filed in the principal registry of the Probate Court. The codicil is in pencil, in the form of a letter, but not witnessed. Being, however, written by the deceased himself, he being at the time engaged in actual military service in the face of the enemy, and intended by him to operate should he die, it has full and binding effect in law. It is as follows : —"Dear Mamma,—In the event of my dying under the operation about to be performed, I should like Pts. Teaffey, Hosmer, and Knight to have an annuity of £15 each. I should like a tablet put in Norton Church, with a small description, from 'Army List' or elsewhere, of my military life.—Your affte. son, St. Vincent.—To Lady St. Vincent."

THE SLAVE-TRADE.

A PARLIAMENTARY Blue Book has been published containing correspondence with British representatives and agents abroad and reports from naval officers relative to the slave-trade in the year 1884-85. The countries dealt with are Brazil, Egypt, Morocco, Persia, Portugal, Turkey, and Zanzibar. The accounts from Brazil show that both slavery and the sale of slaves were greatly on the decrease. It was reckoned that in April last year the number of slaves was 1,200,000, and this was continually decreasing, chiefly by means of emancipation or ransom. In Egypt, as Sir Evelyn Baring informed Lord Granville, up to the end of January, 1884—the period in question appears to begin with our occupation—the total number emancipated was 8,986. From Morocco Sir J. H. Drummond Hay sends a very painful story. The number of slave sales had in the early part of 1884 actually trebled in Morocco, and complaint was made that some of the slaves were mutilated in a barbarous manner, from which numbers of them perished in horrible agony. The authorities declared simply that the abolition of slavery could not be effected. Some months later, however, the Sultan put a stop to the public sale of slaves. On the 17th April of last year Sir J. D. Hay informed Lord Granville that, with the exception of the French Minister, no foreign diplomatic officers had taken steps to prevent those under their protection from holding or dealing in slaves. Before the correspondence is concluded we find that the Danish and British agents had warned the subjects of their respective countries against the traffic. Complaint is made of the existence of slave-traffic between the Portuguese possessions in East Africa and Madagascar and the Comoro Islands.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

THE *Times* publishes the following rejoinder by Mr. Maclean :—Sir Louis Mallet has confused my letter with Mr. Moreton Frewen's interpretation of it. He puts into my mouth words which I did not use. If he had done me the honour to read my letter he would have seen that I did not bring the question of free-trade into the discussion. My humble aim was to trace the effect of the depreciation of silver on the actual course of trade between England and India, and my argument was identical with his own, that while the international value of the rupee has been seriously affected by the fall in exchange, there is not apparently "anything to lead to the supposition that the volume of the Indian currency has been sensibly increased, or that prices in India have generally risen."

Let me point out that your correspondent "Bombay," who takes the opposite view, has entirely misunderstood the meaning of a statement in the *Bombay Gazette* which he quotes in support of his opinion. The writer of the market report in that paper said on Sept. 24 :—"But for the fall in the value of the rupee, coupled with the low level of freights, we should not have had anything like the present scale of business going forward. No. 1 soft white Bombay wheat, which is to-day worth about 26½ rs. per candy, was in the beginning of March only 23 rs., although the price in England was the same as it is to-day." The reference here is to the fall in the exchangeable value of the rupee, which made it profitable for merchants to export wheat from Bombay, although, owing to scarcity of supplies, the Indian price at the port of shipment had risen, while the price in the English market remained stationary. In other words, the same quantity of English gold—which was worth less than 23 rs. to an Indian exporter in March—would exchange for 26½ rs. in September. If "Bombay" were right in supposing that the value of the rupee for purposes of internal trade in India had fallen in proportion to the drop in exchange, it is obvious that the export trade in wheat would not have been stimulated, as the exporter would in that case have been no better off for getting 26½ rs. in September than if he had got less than 23 rs. for his wheat in March.

My object in writing to the *Times* was to show that India gains instead of loses by the depreciation in silver, as she receives better prices for her produce ; while if she has to pay more for her imports, she, on the other hand, has the gratification of knowing that the consumption of native in place of English manufactured goods is thus greatly encouraged. Indeed, the fall in exchange has given India more than ample compensation for the abolition of the import duties on cotton goods from England. Is this state of things advantageous to England or the reverse ? We get plenty of cheap corn from India ; but the Indian demand for our manufactures, instead of expanding, shows symptoms of a permanent decline. Sir Louis Mallet invites me to say if I would countervail the fluctuations of exchange by a duty on English exports. I will not presume to anticipate the report of the Royal Commission on Trade by answering such a question. I am more concerned to have an agreement about facts than to advance theories of my own. The English are an intelligent and highly practical people, and they are convinced that their export trade is crippled by the fall in silver they will no doubt think it necessary to counteract in some way or other a depreciation which is artificial rather than natural.

PRINCE ALEXANDER AND THE CZAR.

THE publication of the Czar's decree removing Prince Alexander's name from the Russian Army List has been discussed in Vienna as an impolitic measure, tending to make the breach between the Russian Government and Bulgaria irreparable. It is remarked that by this act the Czar proclaims either that he means to live at feud with the Prince, or else that he renounces all direct interference for the future in Bulgarian affairs. In the one case or the other, the act is one of menace to the future peace of Bulgaria, seeing that the Bulgarian army and civil administration are not yet purged of Russian officers, or of officials who owe their advancement to Russian nomination. These placemen having been plainly incited to look upon Prince Alexander as the enemy of their Russian patron it will be difficult for the Prince to retain them in his service ; but it may be equally difficult for him to get rid of them. As regards the Russian officers in the Bulgarian navy, it is reported from Rustchuk that the War Minister has accepted their resignations, and that their commissions will be given to other Russian officers who, "from political motives, live out of Russia." This news, the *Times'* correspondent says, being from an official source, must be believed ; but it is very serious, for it is easy to see how troubles may arise from Bulgaria's employment of Russian officers. From what can be gathered out of the very conflicting accounts as to the state of Eastern Roumelia, one fact appears certain—namely, that Prince Alexander cannot safely leave the province at this moment. Were he to do so, his return would be soon followed by some demonstration prepared by Russians. So long as he remains on the spot, to keep an eye on Russian agitators, and to punish them summarily if need be, there is not much to fear, and this explains the unconcealed illhumour of official Russians in talking of the Prince. Another correspondent says the strangest rumours are afloat with regard to the matter, the more remarkable among the number being one which credits Russia with the intention of proposing the Duke of Edinburgh as a candidate for the throne which Russia insists Prince Alexander has forfeited.

In Berlin the Imperial order removing the name of Prince Alexander from the Russian Army List has created a great sensation, and is regarded as an event of much political importance. All opinions agree that an insult has been offered to Prince Alexander, which renders the open rupture between Russia and Bulgaria absolute and irrevocable. It is also stated that this insult is intended as an unmistakable hint to the Powers that Russia means to frustrate the Conference entirely, unless the Powers simply conform to Russia's will and adopt the Russian proposals.

The Bulgarian flotilla anchored near Widdin was exclusively commanded and manned by Russian officers and men, who have all been recalled home, and many of whom have already reached Odessa. The officers are replaced by Russians

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 28.

RATES of discount in London yesterday were unaltered, but Consols were ⅛ lower again at 100⅜. Bar Silver, as reported the previous day in private telegrams, is now quoted by Reuter at 47½d. per oz., and Indian securities are higher all round, the 3½ per cent. Indian sterling Loan by ⅛, 4 per cent. Rupee Paper by ⅜, and 4½ by ½. Chartered Bank Shares are given as unaltered at £22, and Chartered Mercantile at £18-10, but Hongkong and Shanghai are £1-10, higher at £61.

In produce the changes continue few and insignificant. Linseed is said to be quiet but steady. Coffee is quoted 1s. 6d. per cwt. lower at 63s. 6d.

Cotton keeps firm in tone, although unaltered in value. In Liverpool yesterday the sales were 12,000 bales, including 600 Surats, and to-day's report is steady with sales of 8,000 comprising 400 Surats. In New-York yesterday Reuter reported a decline of 3 points in futures, from which there is no change to-day, 9 7-16 cents. for ready and 9-77 cents for March delivery being the ruling rates. In the weekly statistics, a comparison of which with the corresponding date of the two previous years, we as usual subjoin, the most noteworthy feature is the continuation of a comparatively moderate scale of receipts at the American ports. For the corresponding week of 1884 the total was 284,000 bales, the largest week of the year, against which we have only 258,000 for the week ending yesterday. The testimony in favor of a large crop is too unanimous to admit of serious doubt, but if the figures do not show signs of expansion in the course of another fortnight, we may look for the market beginning to be influenced. The Liverpool stock has increased by 26,000, and the visible supply for all Europe by 130,000 bales since the previous Friday.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Week's receipts	258,000	284,000	222,000
,, exports to U. K.	76,000	73,000	1 0,000
,, ,, Cont.	66,000	73,000	54,000
Total receipt since 1st Sept.	2,419,000	2,492,800	2,40,7000
,, Exports to U. K. ,,	685,000	803,400	841,000
,, ,, Cont. ,,	626,000	577,000	590,000
,, Stock in the Ports	856,000	904,000	964,000
Saturday's Receipts	29,000	51,000	34,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 27th inst. affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1885.	1884.	1883.
Total supply of all kinds	2,450,000	2,571,000	2,730,000
,, ,, Surats	127,000	369,000	221,070

For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—

Stock in Liverpool	415,000	429,770	467,350
,, London ,,	18,000	18,000	45,000
American afloat ,,	250,000	246,000	245,000
East Indian ,,	5,000	15,000	47,000
	688,000	738,770	804,350
Price of Mid-Uplands	5½d.	5 3-4d.	6d.
,, Good Fair Dholleras	4 3-8d.	4 7-16d.	4 3-16d.
Difference	½d.	1 5-16d.	1 13-16d.

In the Cotton market here we have another quiet day. A few small lots of Bengal have been bought to complete the month's shipments, but otherwise we have not heard of any business for export. Sellers of Bengals for December delivery are showing more anxiety to place Cotton, but as yet have not brought their prices low enough to bring out buyers.

WHEAT AND SEEDS are quiet at unaltered prices.

FREIGHTS remain exceedingly dull. The steamer "East Anglia" is reported to have been relet for immediate loading at 20s. 9d. per ton new scale open charter. Current quotations are :—

	Ready.	Forward.
Liverpool	15	17-6 to 20
London	16-3	17-6 to 20
Open Charter	21-3	22-6 to 25-6
Havre } Dunkirk } Antwerp }	21 to 21-3	22-6 to 25
Marseilles	21-3	
Trieste-Venice	27-6 to 2	27-6 to 32-6 to 2

COALS.—We have not heard of anything doing to arrive, but 3,700 tons Cardiff on the bunder have been sold at Rs. 14-8 and 2,000 tons Laird's Welsh Hartley at Rs. 13-8 per ton.

EXCHANGE is very quiet so far as the extent of business goes, but the tone of the market is distinctly steady, the banks being more willing sellers and less disposed to buy for future delivery. For ready bills we quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 6 3-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 6 5-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 6 9-32d.	,,
Credits, 3 months' sight	1s. 6 13-32d.	,,
France, 3 months' sight	1-94	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER is rendered firmer by the rise telegraphed from London, and Fours are now quoted at Rs. 97¾ ready, Rs. 97½ for January delivery. Fours-and-a-half are firm at Rs. 99⅜.

SHARES show no decided movement either way Spinning Mills are quiet but steady. Bombay-Burmah Trading shares are firmer again at Rs. 3,975.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
					Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 p.c.	715
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	820x
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	587½
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	130
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ do.	458
National Bank of India	37,320	250		5 pct.	110

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W Company	1,30	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	..	435
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	80,000	100	100	..	100
Alfred Manfg. Co.	1,000	500	500	..	320
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,00	1,00	..	720
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 22½	500
Bhownuggur Mills	9,0 0	100	100	...	10
Bombay United	800	1,000	1,00	..	920
Berar Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	..	170
Central India S. & W. Company	3,000	500	50	Rs. 30	750xd
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 17½	725
Connaught Mills	840	500	500	..	640
Coorla Mills	1,300	1,00	1 00	...	640
City of Bombay	800	1,00	1,000	...	840
Dhurumsey S. & W. Co	3,000	2,00	2,00	..	235
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,0	1,0	..	1,000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,50	50	50	Rs. 25	690
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,25	1,00	1,00	..	670
Golam Baba S. Co.	2,00	50	50	..	390
Gordon Mills	1,02	1,00	1,00	..	175
Hindustan Mills	1,20	1,0	1,0	..	355
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	500	50	..	695
Hydrabad Spinning Co	700	1,0	1,00	Rs. 30	1,060
Impl. Cotton Mills Co.	400	50	50	..	425
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	568	1,00	1,0	Rs. 30	1,072½
James Greaves Mills	182	500	50	..	560
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	1,34	50	50	..	450
Jewraj Bhalioo	1,300	1,00	1,0	..	1,065
Khandesh	750	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	940
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 22	970
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld.	3,500	10	10	Rs. 5	147
Madras United	600	1,00	1,0	160	2625
Mahalukshmi	850	1,00	1,0	..	595
Manekjee Petit's	4,000	1,00	1,00	..	1,165
Massoon Spinning Co	5,000	25	25	..	200
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,455 d
National Spinning	600	1,00	1,00	..	560
Nigaum Cotton Cleaning Co., Ld.	1,00	10	5	..	100
Narayan Cotton Mills	55	1,00	1,000	..	500
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,0	1,0	..	930
Oriental	6,725	925	625	..	570
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	40	...	155
People of India S. & W. Company	1,80	25	250	..	185
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	1,250	500	500	..	115
Queen Spinning	800	1,00	1,000	..	800
Ripon	841	1,00	1,0	..	725
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,00	1,000	..	1,500
Sholapore Mills	678	1,00	1,00	Rs. 35	1,315
Soondercas	650	1,00	1,00	..	670
Southern India	1,000	500	50	Rs. 12½	415
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,212	250	250	...	26 2
Victoria Mills	600	1,000	1,000	...	550
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	...	600

RAILWAY COMPANIES

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	4100	..	..	4142
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	..	4100	..	..	4147

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	..	900
Akola Press Co.	85	500	500	Rs. 50	45
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 45	420
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	220	1,100	1,100	Rs. 175	1,110xd
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 2	300
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	540
Brandt's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld.	500	200	20	Rs. 16	150
Bombay Cotton Press.	1,00	12	125	..	205
Colaba Press Co.	50	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	790
Dholleras P. & G. Co.	5 0	300	300	12	165
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,375
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8 500	Rs. 150	2,625
French Press Co.	200	500	500	Rs. 45	620
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 25	50
Khangsum Cotton Press Co.	240	500	500	Rs. 40	450
Maanmar Manfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	250xd
Mercantile Press	1,000	125	125	..	127½
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	...	407½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	..	555
New Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,400	100	500	..	3
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	..	165
Prince of W. Press	600	500	100	Rs. 30	575xd
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 75	450
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 75	650
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs 100	1,125xd
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	500	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	Rs. 21	735

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steam-ship Aspatria, 1,920 tons, Captain G Veale, sailed on Saturday last for Hull.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steam-ship Maharaja, 1,046 tons, Captain W Edge, sailed on Saturday last for Coconada and Calcutta with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Sorrento, 1,775 tons, Captain J F Rogers, which arrived in harbour on Friday last from Hull (17th Oct) via Antwerp, brought a general cargo, Mr Dobrey as first class and one deck passengers she is consigned to Messrs Finlay, Muir and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Lawada, 2,147 tons, Captain R L Turner, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from London (17th Oct) with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Dr. Cruickshank, Col Le Mesurier, Lt Macconachie, Mr R Vishnoo, Mr Dadabhoy, and 11 deck passengers.

The Anchor Line s.s. Arabia, Captain J. Laird, arrived in harbour on Saturday night from Liverpool, which port she left on the 1st inst. The following is the list of passengers :—Mr. J. McMight, Mr. Colin Still, Mr. Barrows (from Port Said), Mr. and Mrs. Carroll, Mr. Creaner, Mr. and Mrs. Rowbotham and infant, Mr. C. Worthington, Mr. H. D. A. Innes, Mr. D. Griffin, Dr. Clarkson, Mr. L. Robertson, Mr. B. Robertson, Mr. Chevis, Mr. J. McMillan, Mrs. Graham Lynn and 2 children Mr. J. F. Boyd, Mr. Silcock, Mr. J. Wharton, Mr. and Mrs. Pearson and child, Mr. Leggatt, Mr. G. Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. Innes, Mr. Tretheury, Mrs. Bromley and child, Mrs. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. David Henderson.

ARRIVAL OF CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Hydaspes, 1,890 tons, Captain G Secrever, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Shangai (5th Nov), with China and Australian mails, a general cargo, and the following passengers :—From Shangai to Suez.—Mr and Mrs W G Aston. From Hongkong to Bombay.—One native. From Penang to Bombay.—Rev W T Capel. From Singapore to Bombay.—Mr and Mrs Mackertoon, Mrs J M Moses and two servants. From Colombo to Bombay.—Mr G B Lynch, Mrs Parker Jones, Mrs J G Gordon, Miss Home, N Muner Nawar Jung, Dr Rustomjee and two servants. From Sydney to Bombay.—Mr J W Parry, Lieut Westropp, Mrs and two Misses Sakes, Mrs. Rooke and three children, and Mr McJune. From Glenely to Bombay.—One native. From Albany to Bombay.—Three Afghans. From Sydney to Calcutta.—Mrs Fountain and Mr Jos Reid. From Melbourne to Venice.—Lieut-Genl W McHardy.

DEPARTURE OF CHINA AND AUSTRIAN MAILS.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steam-ship Cathay, 1,884 tons, Captain J. P. Hassal, sailed on Saturday last for China, &c., with China and Australian mails, a general cargo, and the following passengers :—For Colombo—Mahomed Ally Cumroodeen, Mr. Weakby, Mr. Walton, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Gascard, Dharamdas and servant. For Hongkong.—Mr. Oomer Suliyman. For Shangai—Mr. and Mrs. Peacock and infant. For Port Adelaide—Mrs. G. F. Johnson, infant and ayah. For Melbourne :—Mr. Newham, Miss Barton, Mrs. G. F. M. Grant, child and ayah, and Mr. Taylor.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
28	Lawada (s)	Turner	London, Oct. 17.
	Hydaspes (s)	Secrever	Shangai, Nov. 5.
	Hoston (s)	O'Grady	Australia, Sept. 28.
	Nurjahan (s)	Budd	Madras, Nov. 21.
	Cairo (s)	Griffith	Jeddah, Nov. 17.
	Arabia (s)	Laird	Glasgow, Nov. 1.
29	Inchmaree (s)	Boulton	Tyne, Oct. 23.
	Patna (s)	Pearson	Calcutta, Nov. 1.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
28.	Aspatria (s)	Veale	Hull
	Cathay (s)	Hassal	China, etc.
	Maharaja (s)	Edge	Coconada & Calcutta

The following vessels entered for loading on Saturday last :—

Steamer Hydaspes, for London, etc.
,, Sorrento, for Hull.
,, Kt of St John, for Hull.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.			
24	Busheer (s)	Johnstone	Rangoon, Nov. 16.
	Shanjahan (s)	Young	Colombo, Nov. 10.
	Sirdhana (s)	Mackay	Bombay, Oct. 14.
	Tibre (s)	Trocine	Colombo, Nov. 16.
	Africa (s)	Loutit	Singapore, Nov. 5.
	Cawdor	Guthrie	Penang, July 18.
	Karl of Jersey	Peters	Cardiff, Aug. 3.
	Royal Adoc	Fischer	Liverpool, July 4.
	Ernestine	Pillard	Pondicherry, Oct. 26.
25	Professor (s)	Wallace	Liverpool, Oct. 23.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 24.—Steamers Nevassa and Melpomene. Ship Oneida.
Nov. 25.—Steamer Ellora. Schooner Messina.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.		
25	Umvoti	Natal.
26	Asia (s)	Rangoon.

DEPARTURE.

Nov.		
25	Madura (s)	Bombay.

DAILY IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 28.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Kirby Hall s—5 cases colour, C. Macdonald and Co; 125 drums linseed oil, 50 drums turpentine, and 216 kegs paint, A H Chandabhoy; 200 boxes bar soap, Abdul Ally Shaikhadam.

FROM LONDON.

Parramatta s—10 cases eau-de-cologne, Manockji Dadabhoy; 42 cases colours, Nusserally Shurufally and Co; packages confectionery, Kalloo Nabji; 3 cases medicine, Heerjee Moojee and Co; 88 cases oilmanstores and 17 cases cheese and bacon, Allybhoy Sumsoodeen.

Lalpoora s—21 cases provision, Oomersey Premji.
Cathay s—4 cases aniline dye, R Sumsoodeen.
Kerbella s—22 cases oilmanstores, G Sumsoodin.
Arcoy s—24 bales printing paper, Finlay, Muir and Co; 57 packages oilmanstores, Essoofally Russ-jji; 7 bales wall paper, Jeewanbhoy Reptoobhoy; 10 cases glassware, Jaffer Rummul.

DAILY EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Algoma s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co; 160 bales goat's hair and 32 bales wool, Ewart and Gangji; 27 bales wool, 31 bales cotton fly, 4 bales twist waste, and 44 bales rags, David Sassoon and Co; 6,800 cwts wheat, Lalji Pounsee and Co; 200 cwts wheat, Dosa Framji; 40 cwts wheat, Finlay, Muir and Co; 860 lbs condiments M oonjiaji; 32 bales wool, H oorjee.

City of Canterbury s—50 bales cotton, E Spinners; 50 bales wool and 21½ cwts dates, Polly and Co; 4,997 cwts wheat, Lang, Moir and Co; 60 bales wool, S Babooibhoy.

FOR LONDON.

Clan Monroe s—110 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 120 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 160 cwts coir yarn, L Manecklal; 10½ cwts turmeric, H Morarji; 62 cwts gum, Bhimji Sajoo; 161 cwts gum, Abdul R A Cader; 8 bales hides, C Jehangir; 50 cwts chutnee, M Poonjiaee; 16 cwts indigo, A Bodramdass; 150 cwts gum, 42 cwts chandroose, 1,288 lbs nutmeg, and 7½ cwts cardemom, Nuthoo Lalljee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Reets s—250 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 1,000 cwts poppyseed and 501 cwts myrabollams, Volkart Brothers; 4,00 cwts linseed, William Bell and Co.

FOR HULL.

Sorrento s—4,092 cwts myrabollams, Punnett and Co.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—100 bales cotton, E Spinners and Co; 3,999 cwts shingly seed, Lang, Moir and Co; 100 bales cotton, Olcese and Co; 400 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed; Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Pandora s—900 lbs rose oil, G S Obadya; 110 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 130 bales cotton, Lang, Moir and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Teddington s—300 cwts mowra-seed, Lang, Moir and Co; 360 cwts wheat and 240 cwts gingelly seed, R R Raghanath and Co.

Sirocco s—3 750 cwts gingelly seed, Lang, Moir and Co; 4002 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

FOR KOBE.

Titania—5 bales twist, The United Merchants Company.

FOR HONGKONG.

Zambesi s—47 chests opium, P and O Co; 4½ cwts ivory, Purdham; 161½ cwts copiate, R Edul Dadachanjee; 60 cwts sharkfins, Peerbhoy.

Titania s—228½ cwts onions, Allana Moosa; 94 bales twist, J Peerbhoy and Co; 40 bales twist, E L Moolchund; 36 bales twist, Tata and Co; 25 bales twist, D Foolchund.

HIGH COURT.—NOVEMBER 30.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction.

3-82—H C and Brown—Goswami Shri Girdurjee Jovishramjee Maharaj vs Lukhmidas Khimjee and another—Muljee, B. B.

3-85—A and Hormusjee—Hajee Abubakar Ismail and another vs Khurshedbai Mirza Hossein Khan.

4-85—H C and Brown—Balmukondas Vithuldas and another vs Candas Tribhowandas and others—B and Bhugwandas.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. JUSTICE SCOTT.)
To speak to minutes of the Decree.

154-84—Moreshwar L—Sonebai vs E C K Ollivant—Crawford and B.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

84-83—Tyabji and D—Toolsidas Raghooverdas vs Raghoonathdas Vajeeram—Crawford and B—Part heard.

263-85—Tobin and R—Meghji Hunaraj vs Ruttonsey Punja—Hore, C and B.

For further directions and costs on the Commissioner's amended report.

531-72—Little, S F and N—Nusserwanji Ruttonji Tata and others vs Haji Aboo Talub Babanee and others—Thakurdas and D, and Tobin and R.
Long Causes.

93-84—Tyabji and D—Soolemanji Essaji vs Bodul Dossaji—Payne, G and S.

189-83—Janardhen G—Radhabai vs Soonder Pandurang—Thakurdas and D.

242-84—J C Cama—Jamaji Jejaji vs The Municipal Commissioner of Bombay and others—Crawford and B.

260-84—Moreshwar L—Sonebai vs E C K Ollivant—Crawford and B.

18-81—J C Cama—Merwanji Bomonji Wadia vs Pesonji Eduji Mody and another—Ardesir and H.

300-83—Janardhen G—Lalji Haridas and others vs Trikamdas Toolsidas—Thakurdas and D.

246-84—Macfarlane and E—Gungadas Doolubdas vs Dranvalu—Bomonji and H.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir WILLIAM WEDDERBURN)
For Judgment.

246-85—Bicknell and K—Dadabhoy Sorabjee Mistry vs Balloo Ramjee and another—Payne, G and S.
Undefended New Long Causes.

399-85—Tobin and R—Henry Bright vs F H Kerb and others.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

146-85—Macfarlane and E—Yenkoo Balloo vs Dwjee Elapa—Rustom, K R Cama. (Part heard.)

93-85—Tobin and R—Daniel David and others vs Samuel Elijah and others—F, G and S, T and D and T and D.

90-85—Payne, G and S—The Hon'ble F L Latham vs David Heem Devaker and others—Tobin and R.

264-83—Tyabji and D—Adhibai alias Cooverbai vs Gursindas Natha—Little, S F and N.

274-85—Chalk and W—Roychund Nursing and others vs Nanabhoy Purshotum and others—Tyabjee and D.
(For Monday next).

308-85—Bicknell and K—Bharmul Meghjee vs Nursey Mowjee and another—Macfarlane and E.

319-85—Khunderao M—Dadajee Atmaram and others vs Narayen Anundrao and others.

341-85—Craigie, L and O—Narayendas Panachund vs Ladki and another—Tyabjee and D.

355-83—Tobin and R—Hajee Vydina Hajee vs Hajee Ebrahim Hajee Vydina—Wadia and G.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headache and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business or pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time, will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross," engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore, purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS. W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND.
AGENTS WANTED.

SASSOON INSTITUTE.

NEW BOOKS.

A—207	39	Two Years in the Jungle—W. T. Hornaday.
247	7	Charles Darwin—Grant Allen.
,,	8	Three Martyrs of the 19th Century by the author or the Schoubeng Cotta Family.
185	8	Bird Stuffing—J. Gardner.
,,	9	Collecting Butterflies and Moths—M. Browne.
,,	10	The Aquaria and its Contents.
186	16	Marvels of Pond Life—H. I. Slack.
,,	17	Collecting and Preserving Natural History Objects.
,,	18	Beautiful Shells—H. G. Adams.
,,	19	The Aquarium—J. E. Taylor.
,,	20	Beautiful Butterflies—H. G. Adams.
44	13	Bazaars and Fancy Fairs.
156	16	Ecclesiastical Institutions—Herbert Spencer.
170	17	Text-Book of Tanning—H. R. Procter.
171	29	The Fern Garden—S. Hibberd.
112	13	Notes on England—H. A. Taine.
154	15	Popular Government—Sir H. S. Maine.
179	21	Anthropoid Apes—R. Hartmonn.
206	28	Chips from Tuuis—Madame Patteson.
241	13	Life of Syed Ahmed Khan, C.S.I.—Lieut.-Col. Graham.
B— 1	15	Adventures of Jimmy Brown.
28	12-13	The Will 2 Vols.—Ernst Eckstein.
54	25	Maiden all Forlorn.
85	15	Beauty and the Beast—S. Tytler.
97	56	Nutties Father, 2 Vols.—C. M. Yonge.
21	10	Match of the Season—Mrs. A. Fraser.
39	17	Colville of the Guards—J. Grant.
68	4-5	The Talk of the Town, 2 Vols.—J. Payn.
87	14	Tie and Trick—Hawley Smart.
D—58	3	Proceedings of the Institution of Civil Engineers, 1884-5.

PERFECT FITTING GLASSES.

MR. PESTONJEE DHUNJEEBHOY DAVER writes :—"After testing my sight, you supplied me with a pair of your "EUREKA" SPECTACLES. I have now used them for more than six months, and have found them very cool, and can read for hours without my eyes feeling fatigued."

Pamphlet, with instructions how to get properly suited for Mofussil Residents, free on application.

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MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.

MESSRS. MARCKS and COMPANY, Ld., in re-organising the optician department of their business desire to bring into still greater prominence these universally popular, though highly priced, articles which their long experience enables them to recommend with confidence as being really what the name implies the most perfect spectacles that can be worn—Only the purest and hardest Brazilian pebble is used, and being cut on Dr. MENIST'S approved principle, parallel to the plane of the natural cleavage of the crystal, the lenses are entirely free from prismatic refraction while in the frames, of the very best materials and the most perfect finish, special modifications in form have been made, to meet the various defects of vision they are designed to correct, suggested by, and resulting from, his wide practical experience of the subject; and the extra cost will be found to be more than fully compensated by the satisfaction and benefit which will be derived from their use.
First class certificate and silver medal, the Highest Award for excellence.
Calcutta Exhibition 1883-84.

In taking over the above agency the Company have made arrangements in virtue of which they are now able to offer

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES in steel frames at slightly reduced rates.

MARCKS & CO., Limited.
Opposite University Clock Tower,
BOMBAY.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HAQ—November 17, at Kartickpoor, in the District of Furreedpoor, the wife of Moulvi Bazl Ul Haq, Superintendent of Government Khas Mehals, and General Manager, Court of Wards, Noakhally, of a daughter.

JAMES—November 21, at Multan, wife of Lieutenant H James, Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter.

MACFAVISH—November 22, at 27, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, the wife of Duncan Macfavish, of a son.

VIBART—November 22, at Bellary, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel Henry M Vibart, R E, of a daughter.

DEATH.

HEXTER—November 22, at Chuck Nizam near Lun Miani, Punjab, Henry Hexter, temporary Upper Subordinate State Railways. Friends, please communicate with the Executive Engineer at the above place.

GLADWIN—November 19, at Lucknow, of carbuncle, Julia, wife of the late Mr Thomas Gladwin, Pleader, High Court, N-W P, aged 54 years.

PERREN—November 11, near Naini Tal, Mr John Perren suddenly, from congestion of the brain, aged 41 years.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
Extracts teeth under Nitrous Oxide Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
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DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENT.

"A PROMOTER OF RAILWAYS."—You have not enclosed your name.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1885.

THE Liberals have at length overtaken and distanced the Conservatives in the race. Saturday's pollings gave them a majority of twelve seats, the numbers now being Liberals 167, Conservatives 155. But the twenty-five Home Rulers who have been returned must be reckoned as a force at present sufficiently hostile to Liberalism to forbid their being included in the anti-Ministerialist ranks, so that the Liberals cannot yet claim to have a real majority of their own. The contest has reached the stage at which the new and uncertain elements that discouraged calculation and prophecy have come into operation. Several of the counties have already declared, but even now it is difficult to draw from their declarations any final conclusion as to how the new suffrage and the new arrangement of the constituencies will affect the strength of parties. The Liberals have won, for instance, in South Herefordshire; but this can hardly be counted as a gain, since Herefordshire, as a three cornered constituency, five years ago gave one of its three seats to a Liberal. On the other hand, South Buckinghamshire has returned a Conservative—a fact worth noting, because in the last Parliament the county returned a Liberal as a minority member, and the influence of the Liberal house of Carington is strong in that part of the county. In the north, however, the Liberals have made a decided gain in carrying the Berwick division of Northumberland. They have lost, however, in the Denbigh District—a defection from Liberalism which is remarkable only because it is a Welsh constituency that has forsaken the predominant political creed of the Principality. It has been said that the Welsh Conservative members of the old Parliament could be driven to Westminster in a gig. Apparently the gig will need to be enlarged, for the Conservatives are said to have a good prospect of gaining other seats in the Principality. Two of the elections reported to-day are of Indian interest, and it will be noted that in each case the candidate supported by the Indian political associations has failed. Mr. Seymour Keay has been rejected in Kennington, and Mr. Wilfrid Blunt in North Camberwell, and when Sir Richard Temple's fate has been decided in Worcestershire all specially Indian interest in the elections will be at an end. As to the ultimate issue of the struggle although no distinct estimate of the tendency of the counties can yet be formed, the chances of a Conservative majority are small, but not yet hopeless. The party have at the least considerably improved their position. The fifth day's polling has left them in a minority of twelve, but they were worse off than this even after the second day's polling in 1880, when the Liberals had made their majority before a third of the contests were decided.

The importance of the question whether Conservatives or Liberals will have the majority in the next Parliament is in some quarters to discounted by the probability that whoever has the majority, the control—if the reasoning of the London Press before the event be still accepted as sound—will be in other hands. No one believes now that the Liberals will outnumber Conservatives and Home Rulers combined. The balance of power will, by the current hypothesis, be in hands which neither Liberals nor Conservatives can guide. The victory, for all effective purposes, will be neither Lord Salisbury's nor Mr. Gladstone's, but Mr. Parnell's, a contingency which should, of course, be realised very early in the career of the new Parliament, no matter whether Mr. Gladstone or Lord Salisbury be Premier. This theory seems to us to have its basis in confusion of thought. The initiative cannot possibly belong to the weakest of the three parties constituting the new House. The eighty Parnellites can do nothing of themselves; they will be helpless spectators of the contest between Liberals and Conservatives, unless either one or the other deem fit to seek their alliance. Both the Great English parties will, however, be under a heavy bond to their constituents and to public opinion not to make any bargain for votes which could be held to be immoral or compromising. The declarations of Lord Salisbury, like those of Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Chamberlain that a system of local self-government must be granted to Ireland is held by Lord Hartington to bind both parties to deal with the question, and he has stated that it will be dealt with by the Liberals in principle and in detail in the coming session or at all events in the new Parliament. That question will no doubt be solved without much loss of time for the present paralysis of Government in Ireland c

TELEGRAMS.

ELECTION INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 29.

Mr. Wilfrid Scawen Blunt (Conservative) has been defeated in North Camberwell.

Mr. Seymour Keay (Liberal) has been defeated in Kennington.

Mr. Lal Mohun Ghose has protested against the result of the election in Deptford, where he was defeated.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

LONDON, Nov. 28.

The latest election returns show that 128 Conservatives, 131 Liberals, and 18 Home Rule candidates have been elected.

The Conservatives so far have gained 75, and the Liberals 29 seats.

Mr. Gladstone has been returned for Midlothian by a majority of 4,631 votes.

Lord Hartington has been elected by a large majority for Rossendale.

Glasgow has elected seven Liberals.

Conservative candidates have been returned for Scarborough, Shrewsbury, Wednesbury, and Isle of Wight.

Liberal candidates have been returned for Battersea and Clapham.

Nov. 29.

The following are the present numbers of the respective parties :—Conservatives 155, Liberals 167, and Home Rule candidates 25.

Conservatives have been elected for Buckinghamshire (Southern or Wycombe division), Cumberland (Western or Egremont division), Denbigh District and Tynemouth.

Liberals have been elected for Herefordshire (Southern or Ross division) and Northumberland (Berwick-upon-Tweed division).

The Right Hon. G. Sclater-Booth has been elected for Hampshire (Northern or Basingstoke division), and the Right Hon. Henry Chaplin has been successful in the South Kesteven or Sleaford division of Lincolnshire.

Messrs. Parnell and Healy have been returned by a large majority for Cork (city).

THE WAR IN UPPER BURMAH.

PROGRESS OF THE EXPEDITION.

CAPTURE OF MYNGYAN.

REOPENING OF TRADE WITH UPPER BURMAH.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

PAGAN (VIA THAYETMYO,) Nov. 22.

The I. M. S. Irrawaddy and the Kathleen have arrived here on reconnoitring duty. The King's steamer in supposed to have been here and gone on to Mandalay.

There are many unfinished forts and earthworks on the river banks all deserted.

The King's troops have sacked the villages on the banks as they retired towards Mandalay.

Two days ago a great difficulty was experienced in ascending the river, the winter channels being in course of formation. They are still unsettled. The advance of Flotilla is necessarily very slow. The leading ships of the Flotilla arrived at noon to-day.

FIELD FORCE THRO' THAYETMYO, Nov. 23.

The river is obstructed near Pococa north of Nyounoo. The Flotilla has halted. The obstruction will be destroyed to-morrow.

Nov. 23.

As the Flotilla passed Pagan yesterday afternoon the I. M. S. Irrawaddy, which had been sent ahead, steamed back and signalled that two steamers had been sighted.

Orders were immediately issued for the Naval Brigade, the Irrawaddy, the Kathleen and the steamer with the large artillery barge to advance under command of Captain Woodward, R. N.

The two Burmese steamers were shortly afterwards sighted half sunk in water and ashore under a cliff at Nyoungoo, a village two miles beyond Pagan.

The Naval Brigade opened fire with two 64-pounders, at four thousand yards, on a small earthwork on the cliff above the steamers, where numbers of Burmese soldiers were seen. They made splendid practice of shot after shot hitting right in the centre of the Burmese position. Meanwhile the steamers advanced slowly. The Burmese returned the fire from the guns on the cliff, but the shot fell in the water a few hundred yards from the muzzle of their guns.

When the ships arrived at two thousand yards from the position occupied by the Burmese, all bolted into a wood on their left. The artillery and the smaller naval guns now opened fire and played on the wood and the position till we arrived within seven hundred yards.

The Naval Brigade then landed a party under Captain Carpenter to destroy the guns. Ten were found, spiked, and thrown over the cliff.

The Burmese were seen still hanging about the wood, but they did not fire.

The Burmese soldiers afterwards sacked the town of Pagan.

The probable number here yesterday was twelve hundred.

Many villagers are flocking in, all glad of our arrival. Many more would declare for British rule were they sure we should annex the country.

A force has been left here to occupy the position held yesterday by the Burmese, Major Stead, of the 11th Bengal Infantry, being in command.

The weather is bad. There has been continuous rain for the last three days. It is slightly finer this afternoon.

The expedition left Youngoo at 2 p.m.

Nov. 27.

We arrived at about 9 a.m., off Pakoko, where obstructions had been placed the night before in the river, in the usual passage for steamers in rounding the island and calling at the village. The obstructions had been laid batween the village and island. Opposite was a stockade filled with men. When the survey ship saw this she sounded for a new passage and went straight on past the island, leaving both it and the village on the left.

This morning she landed the Sappers with a covering party of the Hampshire Regiment. The guns were seized and thrown into the river, and the stockade was burned. The enemy did not show up.

At about 4 p.m., we arrived off Myingyan. The Irrawaddy and Nyawoon stopped and waited till the Naval Brigade had come up. The Nyawoon signalled that a large body of men were to be seen inland to the N. E. and after some time we made out a large mass, many in red coats, about 2 miles inland. The Nyawoon, also signalled that there was a fort on the beach, but that it was difficult to make it out. The Naval Brigade steamed slowly on towards the town, trying to throw a few shells into the body of men seen in the distance, but they were too far off, a few shells fired at 4,000 yards falling short.

Suddenly as we went along up the river a masked battery opened fire on us at about 150 yards from some fissures in the bank on our right.

The Nordenfeldts and Gardners were brought to bear on them as well as the musketry fire from the Blue Jackets and the Marines.

The men in the trench on the bank then began to bolt down into the long grass.

The Nyawoon, Irrawaddy, Ataran with guns and the Yunan towing the White Swan, a barge with 40 pounders, followed. The Palow, as she steamed forward, fired upon the earthworks which made little reply, until, on reaching the end of the town the large earthwork opened upon the Palow. It appeared to be several hundred yards long, stretching along the river bank. There were several guns in it, one or two being large ones.

The fire was kept up pretty hotly upon each ship as she in turn passed by. By the time all passed it was dark, so our five vessels anchored for the night about 1,200 yards above the Burman position.

About 7-30 the Kathleen left with letters for General Prendergast, who anchored with the rest of the Flotilla below the town. A good many shots were fired at the Kathleen.

The Burmans at 9 p.m. opened with the big guns, and threw a couple of shots over the naval brigade. This was answered by the White Swan.

During the afternoon one shot went over the deck of the Pallow, wounding two men. Some minor casualties resulted from splinters of bullets, causing contusions.

Nov. 25.

This morning the Palow the Nyawoon, and the Irrawaddy steamed back, starting at 7 a.m. and expected to meet fire from the earthwork, but found that the Burmans had abandoned all their positions. Our troops landed, but had nothing to do.

We leave two Companies of the Liverpool regiment, four companies of the 11th Bengal Infantry, one company Bombay Sappers, and two guns of the Poona Mountain Battery to garrison Myingyan.

MYNGYAN THRO' MINHLA, Nov. 27.

General Prendergast, with the Liverpool Regiment, the 1st Pioneers, and the 12th Madras Infantry, and General Norman, with the Welsh Fusiliers and the 2nd and 11th Bengal Infantry, reached the frontier at noon on the fifteenth, and found the steamer Irrawaddy with the naval guns which had returned to the frontier, after a skirmish on the previous evening. A party, which was landed to take messages to the telegraph office, was fired upon by the dacoits about 2-30.

The Doowoon, the last of the Flotilla steamers detained at Mandalay, has arrived towing four flats with several Europeans on board. At 3 p. m. the flotilla advanced across the frontier, the Irrawady and the Kathleen leading. They anchored at dark one mile south of Simboungweh, where there was a skirmish yesterday. The villagers are quiet on the banks. The Doonwoon was fired on four times and boarded once, but the Burmese jumped overboard directly the first man was shot. M. Andreino was not on board.

(*Delayed in transmission.)

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 28.

The *Official Gazette* to-day announces the re-opening of trade with Upper Burmah. Traders will conform to all orders of the British Military authorities. The Flotilla steamer flats will again ply immediately they are released from employment with the field force. During the occupation of the country by British troops no export or import duties will be levied until further orders by the Viceroy except export dues on earthoil, timber, and precious stones, which will be levied under British officers temporarily employed, and not by the customs contractors to the Ava Government. Duties on liquor and salt sent up the river will be levied at Rangoon at the same rates as these articles pay when passed for consumption in British territory.

A remarkable shower of shooting stars fell last night, lasting over one hour. It is attributed by the Burmese to the dowafall of the Theebaw dynasty.

Nov. 29.

The *Burmah Herald*, a vernacular paper, says that one of the principal Mandalay Budhist priests visited the Chief Commissioner last week, who personally assisted in lifting his visitor from his stage, and assured him that the British expedition Mandalay would in no way affect the Budhist religion. The priest replied that in that case British success was assured.

The Rangoon Buddhists are pleased at the courteous reception given their priest by the head of the local Government. The reception room was crowded by influential Burmans.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE WAR IN THE BALKAN STATES.

THE REPORTED ABDICATION OF KING MILAN.

OCCUPATION OF PIROT BY THE BULGARIANS.

LONDON, Nov 28.

The statement made by the *Times* on the 25th inst., that King Milan had resolved to abdicate and that Austria would occupy Servia, is untrue.

SOFIA, Nov. 27.

Prince Alexander with the main body of the Bulgarian Army has occupied Pirot, which the Servians had evacuated. The latter are now in full retreat on Nisch.

BELGRADE, Nov. 28.

An armistice has been concluded between Servia and Bulgaria through the intermediary of the Austrian Diplomatic Agent.

EXPECTED HOSTILITIES IN THE SOUDAN.

WADY HALFA, Nov. 27.

A force of 800 Soudanese rebels have arrived before Akasheh, and the Cameron Highlanders are now preparing to resist them.

AYOUB KHAN.

TEHERAN, Nov. 27.

Ayoub Khan having made his submission to the authorities the number of the guards placed over him has been decreased. He is asking an annuity from the British Government.

THE VICEROY AT AGRA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, Nov. 29.

The Viceroy received no less than six addresses from public bodies yesterday, to which he replied collectively. The addresses were presented at Agra College, where Sir Charles Lyall, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the committee, and a distinguished company received the Viceroy.

After expressing hearty appreciation of the cordial welcome accorded to him, His Excellency said he was pleased to hear of the revival of the prosperity of Agra College. He paid a high compliment to Sir C. Lyall, to whom the happy result was due, and who, the Viceroy said, while eminently excelling as an Indian Administrator was at the same time one of the most refined and accomplished scholars of our generation. His Excellency wished the College increasing prosperity. The committee could rely on his earnest co-operation in every well directed effort so long as he remained in India. He offered two medals yearly for competition among students. Referring to an allusion to the Countess's fund the Viceroy said, the committee was right supposing that there was no object which lies nearer Lady Dufferin's heart than to carry out her scheme in such manner as is most consonant to the ancient habits and customs of the people. His Excellency spoke at some length regarding the anxiety of the Government to take the public into its confidence. So long as he is Viceroy, he will endeavour to gratify the legitimate curiosity of the public in diplomatic matters. It was advisable for a certain time at least to observe reticence as other nations might be concerned. He took this fitting opportunity to inform them that he had just received a telegram from the General Commanding the Burmah Expeditionary force announcing the capture of what after Mandalay was the most important town in Upper Burmah. General Prendergast telegraphed that the capture was made with little loss of life. The Burmese people rejoiced at our advance because it released them from oppression and lawlessness. Gneral Prendergast hoped to take Ava this evening.

Later in the day the Viceroy exchanged visits with the native chiefs. He afterwards held a Durbar for the reception of the native gentry.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT AGRA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AGRA, Nov. 22.

Dr. Tyler met with a serious accident this morning through a collision, which threw him off his dogcart. The doctor was removed to the club, where he lies in a very precarious state. Dr. Findlay, the Viceroy's Surgeon, and four others are in attendance.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMNTS.

COLOMBO, Nov. 29.

French mail steamer Saghalien, from China, arrived.

H. M. S. Himalaya left for England yesterday.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats steady.

The London Cotton Market has been firm.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅜
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	74⅝
4½ ,, ,,	79⅝
3 ,, Consols for account	100⅛
3½ ,, Sterling Loan	100⅛
4½ ,, French Rentes	108
Bar Silver	47½
Chartered Bank shares	£22⅜
Do. Mercantile	£18-10
Hongkong and Shanghai	£61

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Total week's sales of Cotton	60,000	bales.
,, ,, ,, Surats	3,000	,,
,, ,, Imports of Cotton	107,000	,,
,, ,, ,, Surats	Nil	,,
,, Stock of Cotton	415,000	,,
,, ,, Surats	24,000	,,
,, Stock of Cotton in London	18,000	,,

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(NOVEMBER 29.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRIT IN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect *Via* Suez perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoy, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoy, perfect.

Mauritius mail closes Aden, daylight 30th.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY, NIGHT, Nov. 28.

10 p.m. ... 75·0

FRIDAY, Nov. 29.

6 a.m.	79·5
10 a.m.	76·4
2 p.m.	81·6
4 p.m.	82·4

HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF left yesterday for Poona by the mail-train at 2 p.m. His Excellency dispensed with the attendance of a guard of honour and of the heads of departments, but some of the officers in garrison were present at the Boree Bunder station on the occasion of the departure. A salute of 17 guns will be fired to-day at 6 a.m. to announce the departure of His Excellency.

THE Hon. Mr. Ilbert and Mrs. Ilbert left Bombay on Friday evening for Allahabad, where they will stay for a day before proceeding to Calcutta.

A MARINE COURT will assemble at the Fort Police Court at noon to-day to investigate the circumstances connected with the accident to the s. s. Monkseaton in the Bombay Harbour. The court will consist of Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate ; Mr. Jolley, Acting First Assistant Port Officer ; Mr. Thomas Davies, Master of the s. s. Empire, and Mr. Alexander Burgess, Master of the s. s. Peveril.

WE hear that a movement has been started at Broach to preserve the memory of the late Mr. W. B. Prescott by erecting a tombstone over his grave. The idea of such a memorial originated among the native inhabitants of Broach, among whom Mr. Prescott had many warm friends.

WE hear from Broach that Mr. Mackenzie, the District Magistrate, has offered a reward of Rs. 3,000 for the capture, or for such information as will lead to the capture, of the leader of the gang of Talavias, who killed Mr. Prescott.

THE height of the water in the Vehar and Tulsi lakes on the 27th instant was 56·20 feet, and 45·10 feet respectively, against 57·50 feet and 48·30 feet on the corresponding day of last year.

MR. JEHANGHIR FRAMJI LALEE has been appointed to be a Veterinary Surgeon in charge of the Bai Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals. The institution will be opened to-morrow. A fee of three annas per bullock per day and six annas per horse will be charged for feeding ; but no fee for professional attendance will be charged.

THE *Pioneer* publishes the following paragraph :—"The disturbing news reaches us of a sudden rebellion in Nepal. The Prime Minister is said to have been assassinated, and the young Maharaja is believed to be in the hands of the rebels. The Resident, Colonel Berkeley, is away from Khatmandu on tour—so totally unlooked for was any disturbance."

IT has been finally settled that some time in January next the Viceroy will pay a visit to the Madras Presidency. His Excellency will visit Hyderabad, Mysore, and Travancore, and at the last place will preside at the installation of the young Maharaja. The Viceroy's stay in Calcutta during this cold season will thus be limited to a few weeks.

THE date of the levée which the Viceroy will hold after his arrival in Calcutta has been fixed for the 17th December, and the Drawing-Room will take place on the 21st.

THE first meeting of the Supreme Legislative Council will take place in the second week of December.

IT is considered likely that Mr. J. Quinton will be summoned to the meeting of the Legislative Council in Calcutta. This will cause a temporary vacancy in the Board of Revenue, N.-W. P., and probably in the Rohilkund Commissionership.

THE ashes of the late Maharaja of Kashmir were despatched with due ceremony from Jammu on the 25th inst. They are to be conveyed to Hurdwar, there to be consigned to the Ganges.

THE chief commands of the two opposing forces at the Camp of Exercise will fall to Sir George Greaves and Sir Charles Gough. This selection will leave fresh places to be filled up, as each of the officers named was previously commanding a division.

AT the request of some of the oldest European planters in Netherlands India, a committee composed partly of officials and partly of private individuals, with a high official as president, is to be appointed to inquire into the state of the planting interest throughout Netherlands India.

REFERRING to an account of his recent visit to Vizagapatam which appeared in a Madras paper, Mr. W. King, of the Zoological Survey, writes to say that, though the statement of his views on the proposed artesian wells is in the main correct, the further representations may lead to expectations which are altogether unfounded. "For instance, my excursion to Galikonda did not disclose any particular source of mineral wealth ; neither are the plumbago indications more promising than they ever have been, and as for gold within a mile of the cantonment, that is unfortunately only a story which is unsupported by facts."

IN announcing that the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces has just appointed Kunwar Luth Ali Khan, son of the Nawab of Chitary, to be a Deputy Collector of the third grade, the Allahabad paper remarks :—"This is a recruit of the right sort. The Kunwar is one of the best known men in the Aligarh district, where he has for some years exercised the powers of an honorary magistrate with judgment and ability. He is an influential member of both the district and municipal boards, being vice-chairman of both, and his services have more than once been acknowledged by the local authorities and by the Government. So useful a citizen is already a valuable public servant, and his appointment will be received with general satisfaction."

BABU PROTAB CHANDRA RAI, of Calcutta, and Moulvi Muhammad Ismail Khan, of Hazara, have been appointed Fellows of the Punjab University. The former is best known as the editor of an English translation of the "Mahabharata," which is being published gratuitously. The Maulvi is the author of several works in Pushtu.

A RUMOUR is current that the directors of the East Indian Railway have recently submitted for sanction of the Government, a proposal to grant yearly increments, on a regulated scale, to the salaries of the upper grade subordinates in the Traffic Department, who render themselves eligible for this increase by passing in the vernacular language of the district in which they may be employed, and also pass a departmental examination which may be prescribed.

THE total value of the imports by land from foreign countries into British India during the first nine months of the current financial year, was Rs. 1,91,12,209, as against Rs. 1,75,37,853 last year. The principal increases were trans-frontier by rail, Peshawar, Kabul, Nipal, Kareani, and Zimme, whilst there was a falling off in the trade with Thibet, Ladak, Sikkim, Manipur, and Upper Burmah. The total value of exports for the same period gave a total of Rs. 2,85,54,551, as compared with Rs. 2,50,31,653. The largest increase was in trans-frontier by railway, chiefly attributable to the carriage of Government stores and railway plant, but there was also a good increase in the trade with Kabul and Siam. There was a falling off, however, in the exports to Khelat, Candahar, Kashmere, Nipal, Upper Burmah, and Kareni. Adding together the total values of both import and export trade it appears that the total was Rs. 4,76,66,760 as compared with Rs. 4,25,69,506 in the previous year.

A QUESTION which is now pretty generally asked is "What will the Government do with Theebaw ?" The Calcutta paper remarks :—"Wherever he is sent, he will have to be provided for, and will become an addition to the list of political pensioners whom the Indian Government has to support, though not a burden in the sense that Ayoub Khan or some other of our Afghan *detenus* are. Burmah will pay the cost of Theebaw's pension and establishment, while for the pleasure of entertaining a large number of Afghans we pay twelve lakhs of rupees a year to the ruler of Afghanistan."

Of the most remarkable things in connection with the flood of talk which has been deluging the country in anticipation of the general election the manner in which the old political leaders are silently sinking out of public notice and giving room to younger men. Sir William Harcourt, for instance, seems at the present moment to be shelved by his party and by the press. An illustration of this is found in the treatment accorded to him by the newspapers. Recently he addressed a meeting at Winchester, where he delivered a very long partisan speech. Lord Randolph Churchill and Mr. Chamberlain spoke elsewhere on the same day. When the morning papers came out the latter were reported *verbatim*, while Sir William Harcourt was dismissed with a very brief summary. One of the evening journals, as a means of testing the estimation in which the various politicians of the day are held, publishes the following table from the circular of a news agency announcing the reporting arrangements for the next few days :—"Class I. (Verbatim)—Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Churchill, Mr. Gladstone, Lord Salisbury. Class II. (One column)—Sir C. Dilke, Lord Granville, Lord Hartington, Mr. Goschen, Mr. Childers, Sir E.A. Cross, Sir W. Harcourt, Mr. Trevelyan. Class III. (Half a column)—Sir M. Hicks-Beach, Mr. Chaplin, Poor Lord Iddesleigh is dismissed with the announcement that he is to make an important speech in a few days, followed by the inquiry "Shall we send you half a columns ?"

DURING the campaign in Birmingham, Lord Randolph Churchill invariably alluded to his opponent in the Central Division in terms of most studied courtesy, and therefore he would have been justified in expecting something like similar treatment from the right hon'ble gentleman in return. But, in the address with which Mr. Bright commenced his struggle with Lord Randolph there was not a single word of allusion to the noble lord in any form or shape. If Lord Randolph Churchill, instead of being the opponent who was seeking to wrest his seat from him, had been an obscure individual on the other side of the globe, Mr. Bright could not have more completely ignored his existence. The results of the contests in Brimingham and South Paddington show, however, that the Liberals will not always find it convenient to affect to ignore the leader of the Democratic Tories.

THE chances of a Conservative victory have been steadily improving during the past two months, so at least the members of the London Stock Exchange seem to think. The "House," of course, is Conservative, but it has a keen, critical instinct, and the betting among the members has been in favour of the Liberals. Some time ago the odds against the Conservatives were 5 to 1, but they had declined to 2 to 1 and less before the last mail left home. By this time, probably, the betting is even.

REFERRING to Mr. Maclean's triumph in Oldham, the *Madras Times* says :—"Mr. Maclean is an able writer and a fluent and vigorous speaker, and is altogether a man who is sure to make his presence in Parliament felt. We congratulate him on his present success. His Indian experience, acquired during a brilliant journalistic career in India, should, in Parliament, prove useful to this country." The *Indian Daily News*, on the other hand, characterises Mr. Maclean as a "renegade," who, had he received his deserts, would have been defeated.

THE members of a family belonging to the old French nobility are earning a humble existence in Paris theatres. A dresser at the Gaite, who passed by the familiar name of Ludovic, is no less a personage than the Marquis Ludovic de Verney, whose father belonged to the old nobility of Touraine and Anjou. His father was a chief clerk at the Ministry of War, and died in 1848, leaving him without fortune. He afterwards came into a legacy of 17,000 francs, which he jovially squandered. He is now reduced to act as domestic behind the scenes at a franc a night, while his wife, the Marquise de Verney, receives a like salary as the ladies' attendant. The Marquis also earns fifty francs a month as porter of the *Journal Officiel* in the morning ; his daughter, the Comtesse Alphonsine de Verney, is in the ballet at the Châtelet, and three younger children form part of the infant besiegers of the ogre's castle in "Le Petit Poucet."

A TELEGRAM to a Calcutta paper states that Sir J. E. Gorst (C.) and the Hon. R. Collier (L.) have been returned for Chatham, the Hon. J. Plunket (C.) for the Forest of Dean, and Mr. G. O. Trevelyan (L.) for the Hawick Burghs.

THE *Catholic Examiner*, writing on the subject of the Matriculation Examinations, says :—"It is with regard to the intentions of the Syndicate that the public is most uneasy, especially as it has not been taken into the confidence of the Syndicate. The truth is that the detection of the man through whose neglect or dishonesty the questions oozed out is not half of the work that will be expected of the University. What is even more required is the exemplary punishment of all who sought to profit by their foreknowledge of the questions to be set. What that punishment ought to be in our estimation we shall abstain from saying until we learn whether the Syndicate are prepared to face the offenders with sufficient firmness or to be deterred by their number from punishing a cruel and gigantic fraud as it ought to be punished. We confess to some slight misgiving on this point, as the unwillingness to call in the aid of the detective police seems to be prompted by the fear of discovering too much. Such at least is the general impression, and we do not see that any effort has been made to remove that impression. Perhaps this view is a mistaken one, but we are at liberty to draw our own conclusions from outward appearances so long as the managing body of the University do so little to avert misconstruction."

MILITARY NEWS.

MAJOR W. C. FARWELL's term as Brigade-Major at Agra expires on the 6th of December, he having been five years on the Brigade Staff. Prior to this he held the appointment of Station Staff Officer and Superintendent, Sudder Bazaar, at Nowshera, for no less than seven years. He has no regiment to revert to, but will, it is believed be provided for before long.

Two Deputy Assistant Adjutant-Generals, one being for Musketry, on the Staff of the Bombay army, will vacate during December—Major W. S. Hore and Major H. Nares. The former belongs to the Staff Corps, the latter to the old 17th, and has had charge of the 2nd Musketry Circle with Head-Quarters at Mhow since the 20th of December, 1880. Major Hore vacates on the 28th and has a good appointment to fall back upon, having been appointed 2nd-in-Command of the 20th Bombay Infantry last January.

THE Government hired transport Nurjahan 1,936 tons, Captain Budd, arrived in harbour on Saturday last from Madras (21st inst.,) and with the following troops and officers :—One native clerk, 18 native officers hospital assistant 714 rank and files, 48 private and 34 public followers, 245 wives and 231 children. The following is the list of the officers :—Colonel, Mrs. and Miss Newport. Major and Mrs. Morse, Captain Pearson, Surgeon Hewett and 2 children, and Lieutenants Tighe, Tritton and Henderson, of the 24 the Bombay Infantry, and infant Mr. B. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Smith Mr. Colin Still, Mr. J. Sillock, Mr. A. W. Trethewey, Miss R. Wirthington, Mr. J. McC'Wright, Mr. Wharton, and Mrs. Walker.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

THE following was the field state at the parade of the Bombay Volunteers on Saturday :—

	F. Officers.	Capts.	Lieuts.	Sergts.	Buglers.	Rank & file.		Total.
A Co.	0	1	2	2	0	20	=	25
B ,,	0	1	2	2	1	15	=	21
C ,,	0	1	2	3	1	28	=	35
D ,,	0	0	2	4	0	28	=	34
E ,,	0	1	2	2	1	26	=	33
F ,,	0	1	0	3	1	22	=	27
J Cadets	0	0	0	5	0	57	=	62
K ,,	0	0	0	10	0	68	=	78
Staff & Band	2	0	1	3	0	23	=	32
Army Staff	0	1	0	1	0	4	=	6
Total...	2	6	9	35	4	296	=	352

A VERY WONDERFUL DREAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I was lazily enjoying myself in our Club at Madras when the arrival of the Bombay papers made an agreeable incident and the usual rush was made for the *Bombay Gazette*. After going an hour or two I proceeded to write a complaint book my indignation at the fact of only one copy being supplied of a paper so much in request, while several of its contemporaries might apparently be discontinued without anyone heeding or caring. In the meantime an attentive servant managed to snatch up the newspaper and hand it to me, and here I found the letter signed by "Cassandra." It expressed the views which years of experience had induced me, too, to think the best about the relations between the Europeans and the Indians. But it also awoke the voice of conscience and just judgment within me. I mourned the general remarks, often of a Pharisaical character, which alas I had too often propounded about the Indian population. I had thus led younger men than myself to adopt harsh and cruel notions. I felt that time after time I had allowed myself to forget the rules of politeness in my intercourse with the people, even with those who were poor and suffering, or whose humble position in life was a reason for respecting their feelings. I knew that I had let many occasions pass by where a kind word or even ordinary courtesy would have pleased them, and this past conduct of mine seemed the more alarming because of my religious profession and my having been more than once a Churchwarden or lay Trustee of the Church in the stations where I had served. These reflections lasted during the evening stroll which I took towards the Black Town. In a neighbouring street I heard the sound of the bell : I mused how all over the world the Ave Maria calls the people to prayer ; and giving way to these feelings I entered the sacred walls with the worshipping throng, many of whom were native Christians. The preacher discoursed on the Church as the universal cement of society ; the visible sign of union with God from whom the whole human family in heaven and earth is named. Christmas, he said, ought to make us recognise this broad human brotherhood as Christ made no distinction between black and white or Jew and Gentile in his universal love. He then applied this doctrine to our treatment of our servants and native fellow-subjects, and after the sermon ended, I went out astonished. I had never heard such sentiments in the temples of the Anglican Church from whom, I remembered, had shown considerable dexterity in the colour of the State-paid clergy, some of existence of the coloured races.

Full of these ideas I went back to the Club, where I dined with an old chum who knew a good deal about ritual. He soon began to unfold the contrary set of opinions. His notion of the *Deus Dei* seemed different from that of St. Paul. I believe that when he takes to his first walk along the golden street he will give the cold shoulder to people not in society. He ridiculed Dean Stanley's book on Christian Institutions sneered at the American Baptist missionaries. He warmed up about a recent appointment to an Indian Archdeaconry, which office he appeared to think more essential to the social order than that of Judge or Collector, thus annoying me, a brother civil servant.

The dinner was not bad : the curry of course excellent, and the wine choice ; but something disagreed with me, or the argument excited me. For a long while I tried in vain to sleep ; at last I dropped into uneasy slumber, waking wearily from time to time. Many a noise disturbed me, and so did the rustle of the wind in the trees, and behold I dreamed. I started with alarm at a sound more appalling than the double salutes fired at once to announce the advent of the Commander-in-Chief and a member of Council. I imagined that the angel in one of Signorelli's pictures at Orvieto was blowing his loudest trumpet, and that I actually saw all the dead struggling out of their graves as in that marvellous scene. Then with one of the strange contradictions not uncommon in dreams, I looked and listened, deeply interested, but not much afraid. In one of the corners a great roaring was going on, and when I went and peeped through the thick shades, I saw with deep satisfaction that Satan was being tied up for the thousand years of the millenium. Soon after this, the living world disappeared ; the winds were still, and the far-extending sky was overcast with cloud. What intimation I got, I know not, but I found myself associated with Rhadamanthus and the Angel Gabriel to judge some of the Anglo-Indian dead. I had never been thought much of in the service, having been several times passed over for the High Court, and I believe I was made district judge only because I was dubbed a bad collector. I was now made to understand somehow that I was called up to sit merely because I had never given out that I was anybody in particular, humility being one form of wisdom. We were only to help in the lesser judgment ; all the sinners were to have another term of repentance and probation while the millenium lasted. I began to feel immortal longings ; and infinite powers began to come. The Covenanted Civil Service was no more, was not even mentioned or retained in memory ; the warrant of precedence was time-expired, and the last earthly thought, I remember, was that my wife would never again be annoyed by the Hon. Mrs. Spuggins (who is five years my junior in the gradation list) keeping her waiting when she waited to go home after a dull dinner. But in a moment all such ideas disappeared : the future life alone seemed real, and I lost all apprehension of everything finite as we heard the music of the spheres with distinctest rolling, summoning every single faculty to fix itself on the everlasting. My vision became prodigiously penetrating ; it seemed that the light of eternity was such as had never shone on earthly sea or land ; and all around was still and solemn. As the judgment went on, it was clear that these great influences overwhelmed those brought before us. The voice of argument was not once raised to show that Christian duty, kindness, and self-restraint were never meant to rule our intercourse with the people of India. Even the best quailed ; the general sentiment was that expressed by a poetess—

How much we now would fain undo,
How much we mourn we left undone,
Oh place once more the goal in view,
And give us yet the race to run !

As is usual in dreams, some of the sentences were whimsical. We applied the views of Jeremy Bentham in trivial cases so as to make the punishment fit the crime. The Governor of Goa, who wished to put his subjects into trousers, was required to dispense with those embellishments for a term of years. The ladies who tried to make native women wear gowns and petticoats had to reconcile themselves to comfortable sarees. The purse-proud gentry and the pompous officials were compelled to learn the 49th Psalm by heart. Those who talked about the Indians à la Pharisee were enjoined to act the Publican and the Good Samaritan. The close-fisted who neglected the great means of influence which great office confers, preferring to pile up rupees, were sent to a part of the world where the rupee lost a sixteenth of its value every fortnight *ad infinitum*. Last of all came the clergy in a body, and Rhadamanthus at once posed them with the question, whether, seeing that their salaries and even the pay of the coolies who pulled the Cathedral punkahs on Sunday were paid out of taxes levied on the natives,—whether on Advent Sunday in discoursing about what the Angels sang, "Peace on earth and good-will towards men," they had ever, peradventure once only, used their sacred office to enjoin greater kindness and pleasanter feelings between Europeans and natives. We waited a while without getting any clear answer—yes or no—from some of them : and at last the Archdeacon was thrust forward as their spokesman ; the plea for himself that he had faithfully performed archidi-aconal functions, but declined to explain the meaning of the phrase which none of us understood. On reference to a dictionary it was held to mean matters connected with anise and cummin, loaves and fishes, whereas there was no evidence forthcoming that in the Ilbert dispute or generally when the seeds of enmity were being sown between the two communities had the Clergy done anything much to justify themselves as peace-makers according to the definition in the Sermon on the Mount. Such of them as were convicted of excluding natives from the word men in the Angel's Song were sent to the Zoological Gardens to study the habits of some curious dogs there who did not know how to bark. This was our last judicial effort and then the scenery changed once more.

I felt new and sudden blissful sensations as if either a new heaven or a new earth had come into being.

And heavenly odours fair,
Came streaming with the floods of glory in,
And carols floated on the happy air
As though the reign of joy did now begin.

This was the commencement of the millenium. It was also Christmas eve. I saw all the archdeacons and clergy, not trembling before the judgment, but quietly seated in the bosoms of their families writing their sermons for the next day. Little sprouting wings were bursting through the seams of their shoulders, and their faces were suffused with an unearthly joy. They had all learned that in India more than anywhere else they could fulfil the great mission of the peace-maker, and make the desert islands of our mortal existence blossom with unnumbered kindnesses and use holy sense of duty better understood and better fulfilled. They had all bought the *Bombay Gazette* and were taking their cue and quotations from "Cassandra's" letter. One curious consequence was immediately observed. All their own quarrels ceased ; the *odium theologicum* became an obsolete term for the Indian Antiquary and Dr. Burgess to write about ; the Archbishop of Goa preached in the Scottish Church ; and whenever any Padri whatsoever held a service the natives of all castes and countries between China and Muscat crowded to hear, exactly as they did at Jerusalem on the Day of Pentecost. Now thought I, the New Jerusalem is come and the wish of St. Ambrose and all the holy saints is fulfilled. But the thought was overpowering, and I awoke. Must it be only a dream and shall Satan be let loose next year ?—Yours, truly.

J. BUNION.

ROADS IN SALSETTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—At the recent general meeting of the Thana District Local Board an additional grant of Rs. 2,000 from surplus cash balance was sanctioned towards the extension of the branch road at Borivli in Salsette to the centre of the Dharavi Island, which comprises the villages of Ujan, Manori, Dongri, Gorai, &c.

Mr. Gray, C.S., First Assistant Collector, in moving the proposition, referred in a few words to the advisability of extending that line of communication, and Rao Bahadur Kashinath Mahadeo Thatte, Deputy Collector, in seconding the proposal, dwelt on the inconveniences and hardships of the people, adding that they have to walk over oyster beds, whereby the feet are often cut. It is satisfactory to record that the consideration thus shown for their welfare and convenience has greatly pleased the public concerned, and they feel assured that in course of time a thorough communication will be established with their island, which hitherto has been labouring under very many drawbacks.

They beg to acknowlege their sentiments of gratitude to the board, and avail themselves of this opportunity of respectfully tendering their very best thanks to the disinterested gentlemen who so generously brought forward the consideration of their case. Thanks are also due to the press which accorded them from time to time space for ventilating their grievances, and especially to the *Bombay Gazette*, which has been so liberal in the matter.

Nov. 28. GRATITUDE.

ENROLLMENT IN THE BOMBAY BAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In a paragraph which appears in your contemporary's issue of this morning, wherein you notify the fact of the admission of a barrister to the Bombay Bar, you state that the gent

who have passed their annual examination. The exhibition, though the first of its kind in Cutch, was regarded by all as a success. It stimulated industry and has proved beneficial in various ways. One of the results of the exhibition is the museum temporarily located in the high school, and which is now being classified and arranged under the direction of Mr. Newaham, to whom our best thanks are due for his kind help. A new building is under construction for the museum. The articles exhibited amounted to in number and represented most of the local products as well as numerous specimens of foreign articles. No less than a lakh of people visited the exhibition, which was one of the most attractive of the marriage festivities. All the arrangements connected with the exhibition were ably supervised by our Educational Inspector, Mr. Dalpatram Pranjiwan Khakhar, assisted by Mr. D. Esperance, Superintendent, School of Art, Mr. Maneklal Sakarlal, late headmaster of the Alfred High school, and the members of the exhibition committee. All the durbar servants concerned, several private gentlemen, such as Shett Khimjee Jeyram of Mundra, Shastri, Vishvanath of Mandevi and some of the pleaders evinced great interest in the organization of the exhibition, giving material help, and deserve our warm acknowledgments. The prizes have been awarded by jurors specially appointed under the general direction of the managing committee. The medals have been made at the mint here, and considering the appliances at our disposal, the result does credit to the artists who made them. Mr. De Esperance will read the report of the School of Art. I have always regarded the establishment of such a school for technical instruction as a step in the right direction, and it is satisfactory to note that our school has achieved good results. There is a great want in India of such institutions, and the question of organising a regular system of technical education which will embrace at least the principal branches of art and industry, is so important that it has deservedly attracted the attention of the authorities, and I hope that before long practical steps may follow. With your Highness's permission, I shall now request Mr. Esperance to commence his report.

This was followed by the superintendent of the School of Art, Mr. J. D. Esperance reading his report of the progress made by the institution under his charge during the last year and since its establishment eight years ago.

His Highness the Rao addressed the assembly as follows:—Colonel Goodfellow, Ladies and Gentlement. It affords me great pleasure to make a few observations in connection with the twofold object which has brought us together this afternoon. One of these two purposes, as explained by Rao Bahadur Manibhai, is the distribution of prizes to the successful competitors and individual exhibitors to whom the success of the Cutch Exhibition held in 1884, was in no small degree indebted. So far as this part of the proceedings is concerned, it may well be characterized as a rare nature, and I myself invested with peculiar interest for several reasons which I need scarcely specify. It is a well-known fact that the arts and manufactures of the vast continent of India have attained a high position in very early ages. The fine arts which have been the theme of approbation and admiration in all civilized countries were cultivated with taste and perseverence. The fine fabrics of India commanded, as we are aware, a large sale in distant markets, with which commerce at one time was so developed that it proved a source of mutual gain. In modern times, we know how much commerce is carried on with India by European nations, and how keen was the competition among them. Although in some branches of industry it is difficult for native arts and manufactures to maintain their ground before the large strides that Europe is making in this respect by the aid of machinery and inventions, yet the professional classes of India have no reason to be despondent. They should be up and doing, and they will succeed in recovering their languishing industries, if they will benefit as they ought to do in the present days of peace and prosperity. The artizans of India are still possessed of such skill and superior workmanship which any country in the world might justly be proud of. They excel in any thing requiring patience and diligence; their patterns are tasteful and original; they are expert in executing gorgeous and elaborate designs, and this has been the unanimous opinion of those who can really appreciate them. The great Exhibition of 1851 gave Europe the first opportunity of ascertaining the value of many of the products of India, and numerous articles were then selected for the schools of art of Europe to imitate, and the subsequent exhibitions held in India and Europe have still further diffused the knowledge of the arts of Eastern countries. Thus India has in this respect, as in many others, a glorious past to fall back upon, which is a great advantage for any nation to possess, and this should prove a great stimulus to those who would wish not only to hold their own in the works of art and the industries executed by their ancestors, but to improve upon them since they possess so many opportunities under the civilizing influences of the present day. The high proficiency possessed by Indian artists in enamelling, inlaid ivory work, gold and silverware, in founding brass images, in the carving of wood, chasing of metals, feligree work, &c., is still winning general admiration. I would now only refer to the silver works of Cutch and its embroidery, rhinoceroous shields, and its decorative arms, which branches of local art, it is most gratifying to note, have been improving of late, and the workmen employed in them no doubt deserve great credit, and I sincerely hope that they may achieve still better results in course of time. It is also gratifying to observe that the Bhuj School of Art is making progress from good to better. On this occasion, I feel, I cannot close my remarks without mentioning that we owe not a little to Colonel Goodfellow for the deep interest he has invariably evinced in the welfare of this institution and for the kind suggestions he has offered now and then for extending its sphere of usefuiness. In conclusion, I have to express my best thanks to Colonel Goodfellow and the ladies and gentlemen who have kindly given us the the pleasure of their presence here.

Colonel Foodfellow made a few observations. Complimented the school on the steady progress it had made since its establishment, and spoke of the good it has done to the artizan classes. He also stated that the Cutch workmen had made considerable improvement in originality of design and imitation from nature. He warned them against copying European forms and workmanship; advised them to preserve and improve oriental art. He alluded to the formation of a distinct branch drawing class and one of pottery recently started and commended His Highnes's views, and action in promoting useful arts and taking so much personal interest in the Art School.

The distribution of prizes, medals, &c., then brought the proceedings to a close.

OLD FRIENDS TO BE AVOIDED.

THEY have seen better times. They are the mere shadows of what they were, and their lives drag out upon a dead reputation. In these days of benefit associations we might institute a Society for Doing Without Them. We could have members of Parliament and dramatists and novelists on the committee, and perhaps the editor of a society journal would accept the presidentship.

One of the society's first duties would be to draw up a complete list of them. From an individual such an enumeration could not be expected; and all I do here is to mention those that to my personal knowledge have been in frequent use during the week ending the 31st of October. It may be as well to state that I have omitted all samples that have been used less than ten times.

Verb. sap., is a bad one. On the political platforms everybody is pointing morals; and we seem to have arrived at the condition of only being able to point a moral in one way. *Verb. sap.*, we say knowingly. Let us make an effort and try to do without *verb. sap.* Rather than put ourselves about *pour encourager les autres*, let us give up encouraging anybody. Charity should begin at home. This is too serious a matter to be made a party question, but much might be gained by mutual concessions. Why should not the Conservatives say to the Radicals, Do you drop your *de profundis* and we will give up our *in extremis?* In future let us be less frequently on the *qui vive*, and sternly refuse to support a policy in which there is any element that is a *sine qua non*. If the worst comes to the worst, we might even perjure ourselves rather than say anything or do anything *bonâ fide*. Let the Liberals come to an understanding among themselves that, though Mr. Gladstone is *facile princeps* among statesmen, they are not to put it in that way. Rather than walk in *medias res*, let us become furious Tories or rampagious Radicals. Let no one who respects himself travel *incognito*; but, on the other hand, let him see to it that he goes nowhere *in propria persona*. In preference to doing one or the other, let him stretch a point and stay at home. Yet must he school himself into taking no mean advantage of his domesticity by saying that he is now among his *lares et penates*. Though his "den" be full of wonders, let him be wary of the *multum in parvo*; and may he bear in mind that, while it is creditable to occupy his spare time writing a pamphlet entitled "What Is Liberalism?" that is no excuse for publishing it *pro bono publico*. By thinking twice before he speaks he will be saved humiliating himself by telling Jones that his wife is his *alter ego*: and after Jones is gone he will feel that something has been attempted, something done, if he conquers the desire to call for his wife and tell her that Jones is a *rara avis*. When Robinson finds him lolling, cigar in mouth, in an easy chair, and weakly asks if he is enjoying his *otium cum dignitate*, let him not suffer it to pass; but, on the contrary, warn Robinson that it must not occur again.

All grades of society are suffering from this determination of the trite to the mouth, and we must not only watch ourselves, but help each other. Teachers, tutors, and professors have another duty to perform. When Mr. Barlow goes out into the fields with Masters Merton and Sandford, he must not take advantage of their youth to tell them that they are on *terra firma*. Let him conceal from his pupils the fact that they have been *sub Jove*, and take a side glance at the comely milkmaid without even admitting to himself that she is *simplex munditiis*. He will have risen victorious from a struggle with self if he calls the plain a plain and not a *plateau;* and it will be a proud day for him and his family when he can pass a fountain without taking little Sandford and little Merton and compelling them to listen while he murmurs, *O fons Bandusiæ, splendidior vitro*. When Sandford pushes Merton into the ditch, and Merton responds by tickling his young friend with a nettle, may they never know that this is a case of *quid pro quo*. Mr. Barlow would be justified in compelling them, on pain of corporal punishment, to weep on each other's bosoms; but the value of the lesson would be lost if he called it an *amende honorable*. As they are not horses it will be his privilege to ask them to come in to dinner without explaining that it is their *pabulum*, and he will repeat his usual grace without saying it *more suo*. If he finds them playing at Red Indians in their bedroom in the correct costume, it will be better to say that they are as bald as coots than that they are *in puris naturalibus*. He may consider it his duty to thrash them severely, but as a Christian and a gentleman he dare not murmur to himself that *cela va sans dire*. If he cannot help himself, let him go outside and say it behind the door.

A great opportunity at last presents itself to the critics of showing that they are no mere unsuccessful authors. Now is their time to cease from saying of any book, that it will sustain if it does not increase the author's reputation, that it will supply a long-felt want, or that it is difficult to see why it was written. It will be the duty of the critics for a time to disregard such details as the subject-matter of the book they are reviewing, its plot, or its object, and proceed at once to inquire narrowly into the number of times it says *par excellence*. The criticisms will gain immensely in novetity; for of late if they have had yone fault, it has been a lack of freshness. Remarks like these should take the place of the stereotyped ones:—"It is only fair to the author to say that we have looked in vain through his pages for *lucus a non lucendo*." "With the exception of a *fortiter in re* and an occasional *suaviter in modo*, there is nothing objectionable in the story, w hich may be confidently placed in the hands of the youngest reader." "The value of the book as a moral treatise may be judged from the fact that there is a *bete noire* on every other page. Essentially an unwholesome work." "It is always a relief to take up a new novel by Mr. Smith. When we have mentioned that the present one does not contain a single *dictum*, enough has been said to show that it is a work of fiction of no ordinary character." "The heroine is described as a *naive*, the villain as *gauche* and *maladroit*. We could go on; but the reader would hardly thank us." "In spite of a *fidus Achates* and more than one *savoir faire*, the book is not without promise." The critic, of course, would have to keep a keen eye upon himself. Sad indeed would it be if, while reproving others, he forgetfully spoke of an author's *chef d'œuvre* or of a *tour de force*.—*St. James's Gazette.*

OUR NEW EASTERN PORT.

A SPECIAL correspondent of the *Standard* writes:—The English occupation of Port Hamilton was first suggested by Sir Harry Parkes, late Ambassador at Pekin, as a check to Russian encroachment. His suggestion was not acted upon at the time, further than by the occasional despatch of a gun-boat, whose office it was to cultivate friendly relations with the native Coreans. For a long time very little was known of the place. It was surveyed in 1845 by Sir Edward Pellew, the Admiralty Surveyor, and for many years formed a convenient and secure resting place for the fleet in its annual northern cruise. But this was at a time when French ironclads and Russian cruisers had not yet been seen in Chinese waters. Events, however, have of late years moved rapidly in the far East. Fifteen years ago Vladivostock was a wilderness; to-day it is unquestionably the Sebastopol of the East, a standing menace to our trade, and even throwing its shadow across the Pacific to Vancouver, the most defenceless of all our Colonies. Under these circumstances, and as a mere matter of self-defence, the occupation of port Hamilton was decided upon. A glance at the map will show the strategical importance of our new Colony. No more convenient basis of attack upon the Russian fortress could be selected in the event of a war. Nor is there any necessity for the immediate construction of huge forts. The fortification of three or four small islands accessible from every side requires grave consideration, and involves very heavy expenditure, but so long as we are the strongest Naval Power in these waters all that is necessary in the way of defence is to lay down submarine mines and torpedoes.

But it is not always clearly remembered that, should war break out, Japan and China intend to declare their ports neutral. Indeed, the determination of the former Power on this point was significantly illustrated by the events following the disagreeable incident which occurred at Yokohama between the Azamembert and the Vladivir-Manomach. With Japan and China closed to us, there is no port north of Hong-Kong at which an English ship of war could coal. In other words, a fleet leaving Hong-Kong to blockade Vladivostock would arrive there with its supply of coal practically exhausted. These considerations should surely satisfy those good people at home who are always deprecating further Colonial acquisitions. Unless we wish to see our enormous trade with China and Japan at the mercy of Russian cruisers, it is absolutely necessary that we should possess the power of readily blockading Vladivostock. As for attacking the fortress, that is quite another matter; our main object would be to imprison the enemy's light-heeled cruisers, and to insolate and to cut off as many as had already ventured forth in search of prey. And it is with a view to these considerations solely that Port Hamilton has been occupied. The place is a day's voyage from Takoshima, the great submarine coal mine of Japan, and three day's steam from Vladivostock.

It is not generally known that the hoisting of the British flag here last May was precipitated by the action of the Russians. Two of their corvettes appeared suddenly one evening in the offing, whereupon, during the night, the Union Jack was hoisted upon every island. At the present moment there is probably the largest English Fleet here out of European waters. Port Hamilton forms the summer head-quarters of the Iaciatus, Agamemnon, Cleopatra, Champion, Sapphire, and some six or eight gunboats. I notice that one of the London papers denies that we have annexed Port Hamilton, but acknowledges that we have acquired another coaling station in the far East. And *Nichi Nichi Shimbun*, an influential Japanese journal, describes England as having "slipped into" the possession of these Islands; reminding one of Bardolph's definition of "accommodate." But these subtleties are quite unnecessary. The plain facts of the case are no secret and no discredit. While negotiations with Herr von Möllendorf, the Corean Prime Minister, were still in progress, the sudden appearance of Russian men-of-war in Port Hamilton caused the immediate hoisting of the British flag. But the original negotiations went on as before, and a sum of money has been placed in a Shanghai bank to the credit of the Corean Government. England has bought Port Hamilton.

It is easier to point out the present strategical importance of our new possession than to foretell its future history as a commercial centre. This will depend entirely on the success of the efforts now being made to open up Corea. Hitherto the "hermit kingdom" has not responded very warmly to the enterprising attempts of Western pioneers. But this cannot last much longer, and even now there are not wanting signs to show that Corea is anxious to emerge from her secluded state, and to follow in the footsteps of Japan. In that event we may reasonably anticipate that Port Hamilton will be to Corea what Hong-Kong is to China. Meanwhile, we may congratulate ourselves upon having obtained possession of a valuable strategical outpost with a harbour equal to any in the far East. There has been a great deal said of late about the occupation of Quelpart, a large island about one hundred miles south of Port Hamilton. You may judge of the value of this position when I tell you that the island is absolutely without harbour, presenting an unbroken coast line to a sea which, during two months of the year, is swept by typhoons.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, November 27.

Means of observations at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	30·022
Temperature of the Air	77·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	68·8
Dew Point	61·4
Relative humidity of Air	·44
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	86·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	69·8
General Directions of Wind	ENE, E, NNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	235

* From midnight to midnight.

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2. To elect Auditors and fix their remuneration.

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S. E. CHILLINGWORTH,
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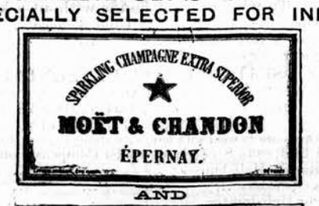

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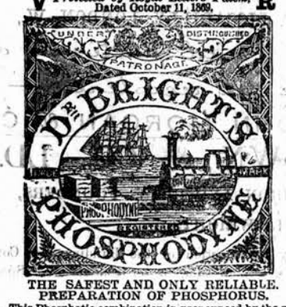

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Immediate attention of Racing Gentlemen and Horse-Breeders is earnestly requested to inspect the Second Fresh Batch of superior HIGH-CASTE ARAB HORSES, consisting of Chargers, Hunters, Racers, Ponies and Galloways, &c., belonging to well known Dealer JUSSIM FEEJ.—No. 505, Bhendy Bazaar Commission Stable, Bombay, 7th November, 1885.

DINSHAW SUNTOOK & Co.

HAMILTON & Co.,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS,
DIAMOND & PEARL MERCHANTS,
RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY.

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"INSECT" JEWELLERY,
VERY FASHIONABLE.

HAMILTON & CO.'S collection of the above is unique. It affords ample opportunity to select from, and is marked by an unusual evidence of care and taste in the choice of the stones.

Each model has been taken from nature, and the Diamonds, &c., which are cleverly arranged and artistically set, heighten, if anything, the wonderful beauty and quaintness of their form.

The Prices vary from Rs. 100 upwards.

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HAMILTON & CO.,

In addition to the above, have a few choice Brilliant Diamond Necklaces, Stars, Crosses, Aigrettes, Bangles, &c., as well as similar Ornaments, in design, but set with Fine Pearls.

HAMILTON & CO. will be happy to forward Illustrations, with prices, or to make a selection from stock and forward for approval on application.

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1885.

CHRISTMAS!!

HAMILTON & CO.,
RAMPART ROW,
BOMBAY.

THE LEADING HOUSE
For NOVELTIES for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS,
BIRTHDAY, AND
COMPLIMENTARY PRESENTS.

HAMILTON & Co. have the honour to announce that their importations for the present season's Christmas trade are now opened and displayed in their Show Room. The great depression in every branch of manufacture which has of late obtained in London, Paris, and Vienna, has checked purchases in Europe and, in consequence, their London Partners have been able to buy for cash, at unprecedentedly low prices, a varied and extensive collection of elegant and useful articles, "objects de luxe," suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS and NEW YEAR'S GIFTS.

☞ HAMILTON & Co. will be happy to forward, on application, their Special Illustrated List, for this Season, of Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts.

HAMILTON & CO.,
IN ORDINARY TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY,
BOMBAY.

Nov. 27, 1885.

XMAS PRESENTS
AND
NEW YEAR GIFTS.

ENGLISH WATCHES,
DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS,
LUND & BLOCKLEY.

WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS, THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, &c. &c.
AND BY APPOINTMENT TO H. E. LORD REAY, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

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SILVER ENGLISH LEVER KEY WINDING WATCHES.
Open-face, with thick oval or strong Crystal glasses.

No. 58	White Enamel Dial, Jewelled and Gold Balance for Gentlemen	...Rs. 48
" 59	In Hunter or Half-hunter	65

OF SUPERIOR MANUFACTURE.

No. 60	Enamel Dial, sunk Seconds, and Gold Balance... ...	...Rs. 60
" 61	Hunter or Half-hunter	75

THREE-QUARTER PLATE LEVER WATCHES.
Of Superior Manufacture and Firstrate Time-keepers.

No. 62	Enamel Dial, sunk Seconds, Gold Balance, and to set hands at back	Rs. 105
" 63	In Hunting or Half-hunting Cases	120

KEYLESS ENGLISH LEVER WATCHES.
To wind and set hands without a key.

No. 64	Silver Open-face, Jewelled with Gold Balance	...Rs. 115
" 65	In Hunter or Half-hunter	135
" 66	Of Superior Manufacture from	125 to 150

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.
Lund and Blockley's SPECIAL MANUFACTURE of ¾ Plate Half CHRONOMETER Watches of HIGH FINISH and ADJUSTMENTS suitable for ROUGH WEAR and all CLIMATES.
Silver Open-face to wind with key, with strong Crystal or thick oval glasses.

No. 68	Enamel Dial, sunk Seconds, Jewelled Compensation Balance	...Rs. 155
" 69	In Hunter or Half-hunter	182
" 70	Keyless Open-face	200
" 71	Hunter or Half-hunter	220

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD ENGLISH LEVER KEY WINDING WATCHES.
Of our own Special English Manufacture, ¾ Plate, Jewelled Movements.

No. 72	Open-face	from Rs. 175 to Rs. 250
" 73	In Hunter or Half-hunter	from Rs. 235 to Rs. 300

GOLD KEYLESS ENGLISH LEVER WATCHES.

No. 74	Open-face	from Rs. 220 to Rs. 300
" 75	Hunter or Half-hunter	from Rs. 250 to Rs. 350

GENTLEMEN'S ENGLISH WATCHES.
Of the finest Manufacture and Adjustments for Racing and Astronomical Purposes, Silver.

No. 76	Open-face	...Rs. 188
" 77	Hunter or Half-hunter	210
" 78	Do. do. Gold	300

LUND AND BLOCKLEY'S
PRICE LIST OF GENEVA WATCHES,
EXAMINED AND GUARANTEED.

GENTLEMEN'S GERMAN SILVER WATCHES.
Keyless Watches to wind and set hands without a key.
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" 2	Jewelled Horizontal Escapements Regulator	... 14
" 3	With Jewelled Lever do. do.	... 17

STRONG HUNTING CASE WATCHES.

No. 4	Strong Hunting Case Watches, Railway Regulator ...	...Rs. 12
" 5	Horizontal Escapements, Jewelled Railway Regulator ...	... 18
" 6	With Jewelled Lever Escapements, Railway Regulator ...	... 30
" 7	Do. do. do. second quality ...	... 22

LADIES' GERMAN SILVER WATCHES.
Keyless Watches to wind and set hands without a key.
Open-face with strong oval or flat Crystal glasses.

No. 10	Jewelled Horizontal Escapements	...Rs. 15
" 11	With Jewelled Lever do.	... 17

STRONG HUNTING CASE WATCHES.

Jewelled Horizontal Escapements		...Rs. 18

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Made specially for Presentation.

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These Watches have been supplied to a great number of Officers, many of whom have left their Gold Watches in the care of Messrs. Lund and Blockley at their Indian Branch, Bombay, before going on active Service.

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No. 19	Crystal glass, strong German Silver Case, Lever Escapements, Jewelled, Keyless	...Rs. 26

This Watch is most suitable for a Boy's first Watch. It is carefully made, and being of special strength, will stand a fair amount of knocking about and yet keep good time. The Movement is Lever. Examined and guaranteed by ourselves, Jewelled, and with the latest improvements.

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In Sterling Silver Cases, examined and guaranteed by ourselves.
With strong oval or Crystal glass.

No. 21	Key Winding Watches, full Jewelled, Horizontal Escapements, Plain, Engraved, and Chased Silver Cases	...Rs. 18
" 22	With Lever Escapement	22-8
" 23	In Hunting or Half-hunting Cases, Horizontal Escapement ...	20
" 24	Do. do. Lever Escapement	30

GENTLEMEN'S KEYLESS WATCHES.
To wind and set hands without a key, open-face, with strong oval of Crystal glass.

No. 25	Jewelled Horizontal Escapement	...Rs. 24
" 26	With Lever Escapement	42
" 27	In Hunter or Half-hunter, Jewelled Horizontal Movements ...	29
" 28	With Lever Movements, first quality	60

LADIES' GENEVA WATCHES.
In Sterling Silver Cases, examined and guaranteed by ourselves, with strong oval or Crystal glass.

No. 29	Key Winding Watches, full Jewelled Movements, Plain, Engraved, and Chased Silver Cases	...Rs. 18
" 30	Do. do. Lever Escapements	22-8

LADIES' KEYLESS WATCHES.
To wind and set hands without a key, open-face, with strong oval or Crystal glass.

No. 31	Jewelled Horizontal Escapement	...Rs. 24
" 32	With Lever Escapement, Jewelled	42
" 33	In Hunter or Half-hunter, Jewelled Horizontal Movements ...	29
" 34	Do. do. with Lever Jewelled Movements, first quality	60

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD GENEVA WATCHES.
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In Open-face. Hunter or Half hunter in a variety of different styles and sizes ... ... from Rs. 70 to Rs. 310

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From ... ... Rs. 45 to Rs. 220

Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, Silver, Electro-Plated Ware and Table Cuttlery at London Cash Prices.

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